รายงานประจำปี 2553

Annual Report 2010

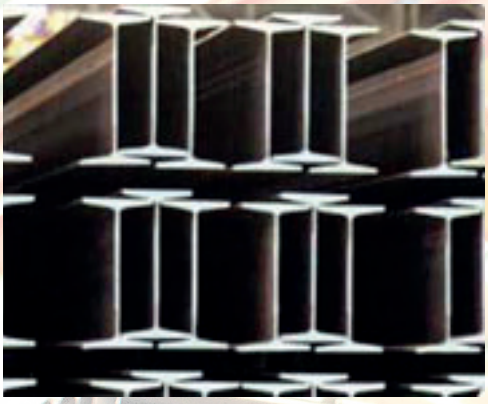


One Stop Metal Service

บริษัท ไทยง้วนเมทัล จำกัด (มหาชน)

THAI YUAN METAL PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

สารบัญ



สาส์นจากประธานกรรมการ	1
ข้อมูลทั่วไป	2
สรุปผลการดำเนินงานของบริษัท	4
ลักษณะการประกอบธุรกิจ	5
ปัจจัยความเสี่ยง	9
โครงสร้างเงินทุน	11
การจัดการ	12
การกำกับดูแลกิจการ	21
รายการระหว่างกัน	30
รายงานการคณะกรรมการตรวจสอบ ประจำปี 2553	36
รายงานความรับผิดชอบของคณะกรรมการต่อรายงานทางการเงิน	38
การวิเคราะห์ฐานะทางการเงินและผลการดำเนินงาน	39
รายงานของผู้สอบบัญชี และงบการเงิน	43
รายละเอียดเกี่ยวกับกรรมการและผู้บริหาร	77

Contents

Message from the Chairman	83
General Information	84
Financial Highlights	86
Business Overview	87
Risk Factors	91
Capital Structure	93
Management Structure	94
Good Corporate Governance	103
Related Party Transactions	112
Audit Committee's Report 2010	117
Report of the Board of Director's Responsibilities to Financial Report	119
Management Discussion and Analysis	120
Report of Independent Auditor & Financial Statements	124
Information of Directors and Managements of the Company	155



Message from the Chairman

2010 was another year of success for group of Thai Yuan Metal Public Co., Ltd. and subsidiaries. This resulting from the group had well prepared of developing people and improving all machines, factories and godowns during economy crisis in 2009. One economy rebounded since the beginning of 2010 and through the whole year of 2010, the company could operate the business with high effectiveness in all aspects to support the growth of group businesses. This caused revenues increased from Baht 4,421.4 million in 2009 to Baht 7,417.1 million in 2010, and net profit increased form Baht 4.8 million in 2009 to Baht 149.5 million in 2010, growth for 3,014.5%, and management expected this ascending growth in future.

Major factors that contribute to company success and satisfactory operating outcome are dedication and commitment of all staff members, and transparency and good corporate governance of board of directors. Moreover, our management team has continuously developed even more effective and efficient working process which made me confidence that company can sustain its operation even during unstable situation.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, we would like to express our appreciation for shareholders, customers, business partners, financial institutions, and private sectors concerned of their full support in the Company's operation. We also are very grateful to our executives and staff who have performed their duties with full responsibilities and commitment to improve the Company's potential for the steady and ongoing growth in the future.



Ms. Ratana Jirapongtrakul

Chairman

General Information

Information About the Company and its Subsidiary

The Company

Name	:	Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited
Location	:	7/4,7/6 Moo 1 Ekkachai Road, Khae lai, Kratumban, Samutsakorn 74110
Homepage	:	http://www.thaiyuanmetal.com
Company Registration	:	0107549000106
Business Operation	:	The company runs business as a trader and supplier of a wide variety of steel products: raw materials such as hot rolled coil; transformed steel such as coil slitting, steel sheet , hot formed product, cold formed product ; and other steel products. The company also processes some types of steel such as steel sheet, coil slitting, steel flat bar, steel angle bar, steel channel bar, steel pipe, and steel Rip C channel.
Telephone	:	(662) 811-2506-8 /(662) 811-3561-3
Fax	:	(662) 814-9353
Registered capital	:	400,000,000 baht
Common Shares	:	4,000,000,000 shares
Par Value	:	0.10 Baht
Paid Capital	:	400,000,000 baht

Its Subsidiary

Name	:	Thainguan Logistic Company Limited
Location	:	7/8 Moo 1 Ekkachai Road, Khae lai, Kratumban, Samutsakorn 74110
Company Registration	:	0745551000218
Business Operation	:	To operate Logistic
Telephone	:	(662) 811-2506-8 / (662) 811-3561-3
Fax	:	(662) 814-9353
Registered capital	:	10,000,000 baht
Common Shares	:	100,000 shares
Par Value	:	100 Baht
Paid Capital	:	10,000,000 baht
Shareholding structure	:	80 % held by Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited and the rest 20% held by other shareholder. The other shareholder is not related person according to notification of the board of governors of the Stock Exchange of Thailand Re: Disclosure of Information and Other Acts of Listed Companies Concerning the Connected Transaction, 2003

Its Subsidiary

Name	:	T.Y.K. Industry Company Limited
Location	:	7/4, 7/6 Moo 1 Eakkachai Road, Khae lai, Kratumban, Samutsakorn 74110
Company Registration	:	0745552002940
Business Operation	:	Manufacture black pipe
Telephone	:	(662) 811-2506-8 / (662) 811-3561-3
Fax	:	(662) 814-9353
Registered Capital	:	50,000,000,000 baht
Common Shares	:	500,000 shares
Par Value	:	100 Baht
Paid Capital	:	50,000,000 Baht
Shareholding Structure	:	70% held by Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited and the rest 30% held by other shareholder. The other shareholder is not related person according to notification of the board of governors of the Stock Exchange of Thailand Re: Disclosure of Information and Other Acts of Listed Companies Concerning the Connected Transaction, 2003

Referrals and Their locations

Securities Register

Company	:	Thailand Securities Depository Co.,Ltd
Address	:	2/7 Moo 4 The Stock Exchange of Thailand Buliding Floor 2, North Park Viparvaderanfsit Road, Thongsonghong Laksi, Bangkok 10210 Rachadapisek Road, Klongtoey, Bangkok 10110
Telephone	:	(662) 596-9000
Fax	:	(662) 832-4994

Auditor

Company Name	:	Grand Audit Company Limited
Auditor	:	Mr.Chanunkorn Satiraprapakul
Audit License No	:	6554
Address	:	140/46-47 ITF Tower, 21st Floor, Silom, Suriyawong, Bangrak, Bangkok 10500
Telephone	:	(662) 671-3181-2
Fax	:	(662) 671-3183

Financial Highlights

(Thousand Baht)

	2010	2009	2008
Data from financial Statement			
Revenue from sales	7,367,801	4,328,725	5,678,492
Gross Profit	293,139	14,789	263,342
Net Profit	149,482	4,824	41,405
Total Assets	2,805,042	1,978,537	1,665,180
Total Liabilities	1,777,392	1,104,119	766,838
Shareholder's Equity	1,027,650	874,418	898,342
Financial Ratio			
Gross Profit Margin	3.98%	0.36%	4.64%
Net Profit Margin	2.02%	0.11%	0.73%
Return on Assets	6.25%	0.26%	2.49%
Return on Equity	15.72%	0.54%	4.61%
Current Ratio (times)	1.27	1.41	1.83
Debt to Equity Ratio (times)	1.73	1.26	0.85



Business Overview

Type of Business and Nature of Operation

The Company divides its operations into two categories, as follows :

1. Steel Trading and Warehousing

The company's products can be divided into 3 main products, as follows:

1.1 Hot Rolled Flat product

This product is passed the production process of the local manufactures. The feature of Hot Rolled Flat Product is sheet, which has different width, length and dept. There are two types. The first type is Hot-Rolled Coil with the depth from 1.0 millimeter to 13.0 millimeters. The second type is Hot-Rolled Plate with the dept from 8 millimeters to 100 millimeters. The company procures Hot-Rolled Coil and Hot-Rolled Plate from local manufactures and sells them to steel traders and steel manufactures. These customers use these products to produce other steel works. These products are widely used in several industries such as construction, machinery and ship building.

1.2 (Long Product)

1) Hot Formed product

These products are passed the hot forming process, which are H-Beams, I-Beams, wide flange, steel bar, steel channel bar, steel channel and steel flat bar. The company procures these products and sells to trader and the customers in construction industry.

2) Cold Formed product

These products are reformed without heating process. This type of products includes steel channel bar, steel angle bar, rip c-channel and steel pipe. The steel pipe which company procures is suitable for construction industry. The company procures these products and sells to trader and the customers in construction industry.

1.3 Other steel products

The company purchases other steel products to accommodate the customers such as cold rolled sheet and stainless steel sheet.

2. Coil Center

The company processes hot rolled coil to steel works according to customers' specifications. These products can be divided as follows:

2.1 Cutting

This involves the cutting of hot rolled coil into several sizes according to customers' specifications. The company has the whole steel cutting machines which are slitting machine, shear cutting machine and hydraulic guillotine shear. The Company had improved the old machines and purchased additional machines, resulting increase current capacity to 135,000 ton/year. Actual vitalization rate for 2010 was 43.60%

The company divides these products into two categories, as follows;

1) Slitting Coil

Hot rolled coil is cut into smaller width according to customers' specifications and is rolled into a coil. The customers use it to cut or to form the rip c-channel or steel pipe.

2) Cutting Sheet and Flat Bar

This involves the cutting of hot-rolled coil into varying lengths and widths according to customers' specifications. The company has cutting machines, which are able to cut the steel sheets with the width ranging between 1,000 millimeters and 1,550 millimeters, the thickness ranging between 1.2 millimeters and 12 millimeters and the length ranging between 1,200 millimeters and 7,500 millimeters. For flat bar, the production process is by taking 6,000 millimeters cutting sheet and cut along its length. As a result, 25 to 500 millimeters flat bar is obtained. The customers use these products as raw material from their production processes such as construction industry, agricultural machine industry and other industries.

2.2 Cold-Appearance

The company divides these products into two categories, as follows:

1) Steel pipe and Rip C-Channel

The company produces and sells steel pipe and Rip C-Channel for several industries. At the present, the companies has three steel pipes and rip c-channel manufacturing machines. The full production capacity is 35,000 tones per year. (Calculated from 8 working hours per day and 300 working days per year) The utilization rate is 37.34 percent and 62.87 percent of full production capacity in 2009 and 2010, respectively. The customers use these steel pipes to produce many forms of steel work which mostly used in construction industry.

2) Steel Angle Bar and Steel Channel Bar

The company manufacture and sell steel angle bar and steel channel bar by folding the steel flat bar. The full production capacity is 1,500 tones per year. (Calculated from 8 working hours per day and 300 working days per year) The utilization rare is 21.53 percent and 7.67 percent of full production capacity in 2009 and 2010, respectively.

The company received Thai Industrial Standards Institute license No. TIS. 1228-2549 for Cold Appearance steel product.

2.3 White Plate

In 2009 the Company had installed new 2 White plate machines, composed of 1 cutting machines and 1 slitting machines, for forming white roll coil into white plate or slit according to customers' need. The 2 machines were fixed at end of 2009. The Company expected these machines will add capacity for another 64,000 Tons/year, however, since white plate was new product, therefore, the sale volume in 2010 was not very high, actual production was only 550 tons.

The company's income structure

The distribution value	2010		2009		2008	
	Million baht	Ratio	Million baht	Ratio	Million baht	Ratio
Trading	6,003.28	80.93	3,610.59	81.67	4,406.50	77.50
Processing	1,362.23	18.29	717.48	16.23	1,272.00	22.37
Grand Total	7,365.51	99.22	4,328.07	97.90	5,678.50	99.87
Other income	52.65	0.78	92.71	2.10	9.50	0.13
Total Revenues	7,418.16	100.00	4,420.78	100.00	5,688.00	100.00

Distribution channel

The Company distributed all products locally in both 2009 and 2010, mainly to whole seller, other industries and constructors.

Marketing and Competitive Situation

1. Marketing Strategies

1) Since the Company has variety of products, customers can order from the company instead of order from many distributors. The company can serve customers' need well, especially, wholesaler and construction clients, which are major customers.

2) Metal products, both bought for trading and manufactured by the company received Thai Industrial standard Institute license from Ministry of Industrial, and the company has quality assurance system before deliver goods. Incase of damages, new goods will be resubmitted immediately.

3) The company has services to deliver products to customers either in Bangkok, outer ring of Bangkok or near by provinces.

4.) The company can immediately serve customers' need due to variety of products, efficient inventory control system, and on time delivery.

5) The company separates marketing team by customer locations in order to closely take care customers and know their needs.

6) The company seriously focus on creating value added to the firm, by developing and giving product knowledges to staff in order that they can give good advise and service to customers.

2. Competition

Because the company operates as coil service center and steel manufacture, the company divides the competitive situation as follow:

The coil service center

There are many coil service centers in Thailand but most of them are small manufacturers. There are only two large manufacturers and six medium manufacturers in this market. The company is one of the medium manufacturers. Therefore, the level of competition for large and medium manufactures is moderate. Moreover, at the present the production is not sufficient for the customers' demand.

The steel pipe and rip c-channel manufacture

The competition in this market is in high level because there are approximately 50 steel pipe and rip c-channel manufactures in this market. The company divides the competition of steel pipe and rip c-channel into three groups according to their production capacity.

- The large steel pipe and rip c-channel manufactures have production capacity more than 100,000 tones per year. There are nine large manufacturers.
- The Medium steel pipe and rip c-channel manufactures have production capacity ranging from 50,000 tones per year to 100,000 tones per year. There are approximately 13 Medium manufacturers.
- The small steel pipe and rip c-channel manufactures have the capacity less than 50,000 tones per year. The rest of the manufacturers are small manufacturers. The steel pipe and rip c-channel manufacturing capacity of the company is 35,000 tones per year. Therefore, the company is small manufacturer.

Merchandise Suppliers

Production

At the present the company has one factory with the full production capacity of 110,000 tones per year. The average utilization rate is 47 percent and 74 percent of full production capacity in 2009 and 2010 respectively, white plates were produced very few.

Raw material and product procurement

At the present the company procures hot rolled coil with the standard size of thickness, width and length from the local manufacturers. Sahaviriya Steel industry Public Company who is one of the two major producers. Nevertheless, when the price of hot rolled coil in foreign market is lower than one in domestic market, the company is able to import the raw material from foreign market.

Environmental Impact

The environmental Impact of steel manufacturer is the noise pollution. However, the company controls the noise not to affect the environment by design the factories. Moreover, the company is examined by Department of industrial Works annually. The environment of the factory is according to the standard and is not affect the environment.

Moreover, the company has never been sued about the pollution and has never been warned or charged or charged by the government agent according to the environmental laws.

Risk factors

1 The risk associated with the volatility of the price of raw material

The company purchased all of hot rolled coil from the local manufacturers with the range 59.56% of all purchases in 2010. Therefore, the volatility of hot rolled coil price affects the company's cost and the company's selling price.

However, if the price of steel products tends to stable or increase, the company uses the cost plus policy to set the selling price of all products. The company uses the raw material cost, expenses and profit to set the selling prices. Therefore, the company can maintain the profit margin and the company can adjust the selling price according to the changing of raw material prices. When the selling prices tend to decrease, the company accelerates to sell all of products. If the customers wish to order the goods in advance, the company will collect the advance payment from them and will order the goods from the manufacturers. This can lower the risk associated with the volatility of hot rolled coli price.

Moreover, the company follows the changing of raw material prices closely to order the raw material and to manage the inventory properly. The company has the policy to decrease the inventory when the price of raw material tends to decrease and to increase the inventory when the price of raw material tends to increase. In the normal situation, the company has the policy to keep the inventory for 45 days. From these policies, the changing of the raw material price will not affect the company's operational performance significantly.

2 Risk associated with the reliability on major steel producers

At the present, there are only two hot rolled coiled manufacturers in Thailand. Hence, there may be a risk if these major domestic steel producers are unable to deliver their products to the Company as scheduled and if the Company is unable to provide substitute products to fill its customer's orders.

However, the company has purchased hot rolled coil from these manufacturers for a long time and has never defaulted on payment. These make the company has close relationship with the manufacturers. Moreover, the company plans the production and informs the purchasing amount of raw material in advance. The company has never experienced a delivery problem with these suppliers, when the steel price situation is normal or the steel price tends to increase. Therefore, the company believes that the company will not be affected by this problem. If there is such problem, the company is able to import hot rolled coil from foreign. In the past, the company imported hot rolled coil from Russia, India, and China. The import of hot rolled coil takes two to three weeks, which is longer than purchase them from local manufacturers.

3 The risk associated with the changing law about the competition

1) <u>The Anti- Dumping Measures</u>

The dumping on steel market in Thailand from 2001 to 2002 lowered the local hot rolled coil price and affected local steel manufacturers. This also leaded to more price competition of steel transformers. Thai government imposed anti-dumping duties on imports of hot-rolled steel from 14 countries for a period of five years. This measure will end in 2008. From this measure, the foreign hot rolled coil is more expensive than the local on. Moreover, it lowers the price competition of structural steel. Therefore, when this measure ends, the price of hot rolled coil may fluctuate because of the foreign dumping. This may lower the competitive of the company if the company is unable to find the cheaper raw material sources.

2) Free Trade Area

At the present, Thailand has Free Trade Area Agreement with ASEAN countries and Agreement on the Common Effective Preferential Tariff (CEPT) Scheme for ASEAN Free Trade Area (AFTA). Hot rolled coil and steel pipe are on the normal track, which Thailand has to lower tariff on import goods to zero within 2010. The tariff rate of hot rolled coil from ASEAN countries is two to five percent depending on type and size. The tariff rate of steel pipe from ASEAN countries is five percent. Moreover, it is possible that Thailand will make Free Trade Area agreement with other countries in the future. So the imported hot rolled coil and steel pipe may be cheaper and there may be more foreign competitors. However, the import of hot rolled coil and steel pipe have disadvantage about the transportation duration and transportation cost. Moreover, if the import hot rolled coil and steel pipe is cheaper that local ones, the company is able to import them as in the past.

4 Risk of impact from unstable political problem

Political crisis in Thailand was continuously carried on since end of 2009 through 2010 caused uncertainty in country economies, i,e. businesses related to construction materials, such as, impact metal trading climate. And natural damages were also impact to trading in some seasonal.

Capital Structure

(1) Company's Securities

The Company has the registered capital are as follows:-

Registered capital	400,000,000	Baht
Paid-up capital	400,000,000	Baht
Ordinary Shares	4,000,000,000	Shares
Par value	0.10	Baht

(2) Shareholder

The 10 major shareholders as at the book closure date on December 30, 2010 are as follows:-

	Name	No. of Shares	%
1	Thailand Securities Depository Company Limited for Depositors	1,524,770,000	38.11
2	Ms. Ratana Jirapongtralkul	1,200,000,000	30.00
3	Ms. Arisa Jirapongtrakul	300,000,000	7.50
4	Mr. Boonchai Jirapongtrakul	225,000,000	5.62
5	Mr. Booncherd Santudpanich	170,000,000	4.25
6	Mr. Boonchoke Santudpanich	170,000,000	4.25
7	Mr. Karu Kunavutiakul	160,000,000	4.00
8	Mr. Nirum Ngamchamnunrit	100,000,000	2.50
9	Mr. Vichit Lohajaroon	30,000,000	0.75
10	Mr. Karun Teeravorachai	20,000,000	0.50

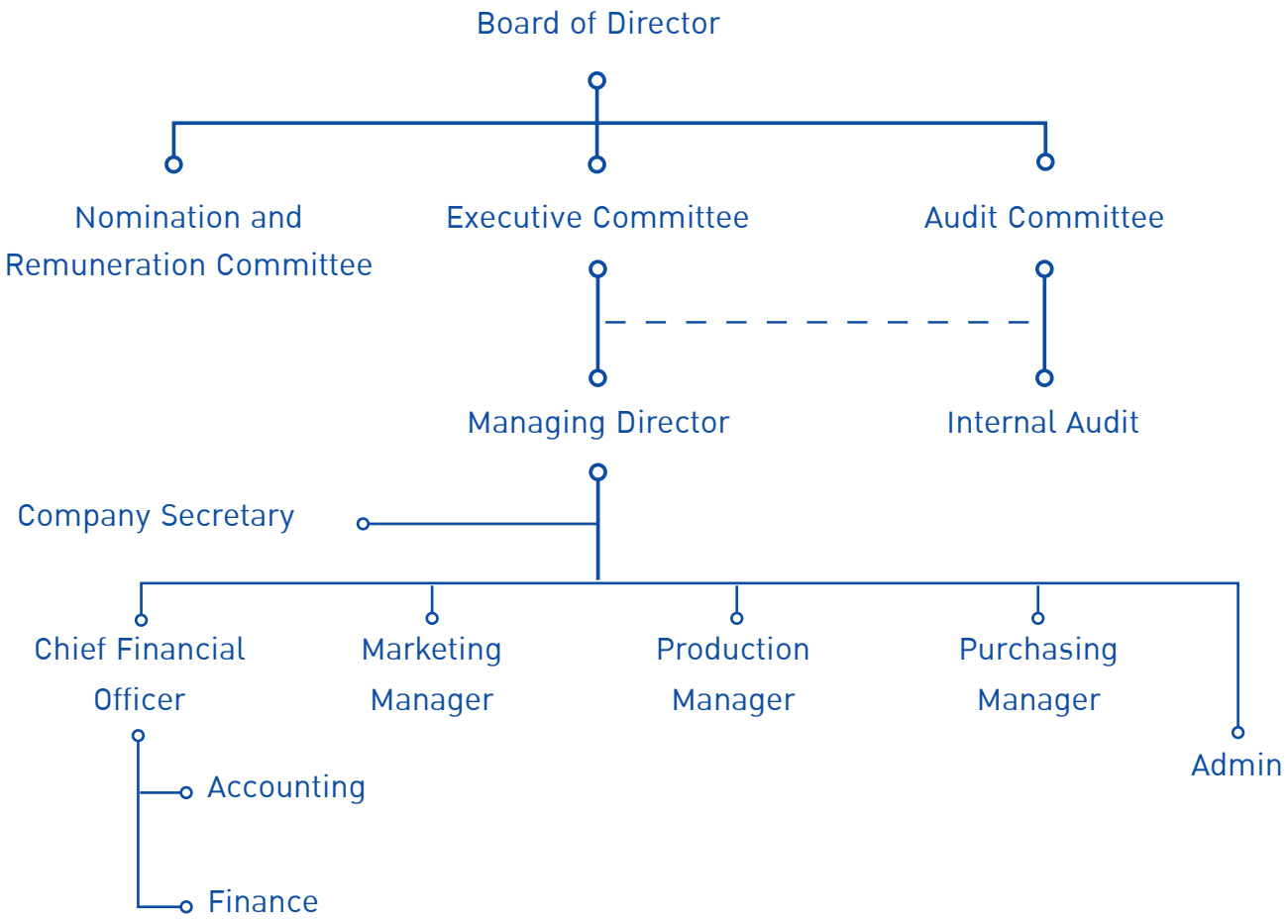
(3) Dividend payment policy

The Company has the policy to pay dividend to shareholders at the rate not less than 50% of net profit after tax, except in the case that the company has new investment project.

Management Structure

Organization Chart of Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited

(As at December 31, 2010)



The Company's Management Structure

The Management Structure of the Company consists of the Board of Directors and the 3 committees including the Audit Committee, the Executive Committee and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee whose scope of responsibilities and functions could be summarized as follows:-

The Board of Directors

On December 31, 2010 the Board of director comprises of 8 members as follows:-

1.	Ms. Ratana	Jirapongtrakul	Chairman of directors
2.	Mr. Panu	Jarupilun	Director
3.	Mr. Boonchai	Jirapongtrakul	Director
4.	Mr. Booncherd	Santudpanich	Director
5.	Ms. Nathita	Jiradejdumrong	Director
6.	Mr. Prachuab	Chaiyasan	Independent Director
7.	Mrs. Seenual	Tasanapant	Independent Director
8.	Mr. Teerapong	Thanarukvudhikorn	Independent Director

Secretary of the Board of Director committee: Ms. Supisa Cheavarakul

Definition

• **Independent Directors :** mean outside directors who are not the Company's executives or employees, not executive directors or authorized signatory directors, and are independent from major shareholders, executives and stakeholders. Non-executive directors are able to equally protect the benefits of as shareholders, and prevent conflict of interest between the Company and involved persons and have qualifications and independence as required by the SET and SEC as follows:

1. Does not hold more than 1% of the total number of voting shares in the parent Company, or of any of its subsidiaries or joint venture companies or in any entity likely to give rise to a conflict of interest, shares held by related persons to be included in the calculation in accordance with directive 258 of the Securities Act.

2. Does not take part in administering the work, is not a contractor or an employee or consultant in receipt of a regular salary and is not in a position to exert control over the Company, its subsidiaries, joint ventures or fellow-subsidiaries or on any entity likely to give rise to a conflict of interest (at present, and in the two years prior to his appointment).

3. Is not related by blood or marriage to (i.e. is not the father, mother, spouse, sibling or child of or the spouse of a child of an Administrator, major shareholder or other person in a position of authority or candidate as Administrator or person in a position of authority Company or any of its subsidiaries.

4. Does not have business dealing with the Company:

   4.1 Is not an auditor of the Company

   4.2 Does not provide other professional services to the Company such as legal or financial consultancy or appraisal worth more than Bt.2m per year.

4.3 Does not have habitual related party transactions by way of rent or lease, whether as lesson or lessee, of real estate, or concerning assets/services or the receipt or provision of financial assistance with a value exceeding Bt.20m or 3% of NTA, whichever is the lower, including transactions carried out in the one year prior to the carrying out of and given transaction.

He must not have business relations as defined in 4.1 to 4.3 above at present, nor in the two years prior to his appointment except where there is necessary and proper reason and in any case not continuously or constantly. An Independent Director or Audit Committee Member may have relations that go beyond those stipulated while performing his office, but only after obtaining the unanimous prior approval of the Company's Board of Directors and subject to the relationship being disclosed per Form 56-1, in the Annual Report and in the letter of invitation to the Shareholders' Meeting in the event that the Shareholders' Meeting is to be asked to renew the term of office of the Independent Director or Audit Committee Member concerned.

5. Has not been appointed to represent a Director or major shareholder or other shareholder that is a related party to a major shareholder.

6. Does not have any other characteristic limiting his independence.

7. An Independent Director having the characteristics set out in points 1 to 6 above may be given powers by the Board of Directors to decide on matters involving the Company, its subsidiaries, its joint ventures or fellow-subsidiaries or entities likely to have a conflict of interest on a collective decision basis.

Authorized Directors of the Company:

Ms. Ratana Jirapongtrakul co-sign with Mr. Boonchai Jirapongtrakul or Ms. Nathita Jiradejdumrong together 2 persons and affix company's seal. Mr. Booncherd Santudpanich co-sign with Ms. Ratana Jirapongtrakul or Mr. Boonchai Jirapongtrakul or Ms. Nathita Jiradejdumrong together 2 persons and affix company's seal.

Duties and Responsibilities:

1. The authority and function according to the Civil and Commercial Code, including other laws which specify to be the authority and function of the committee or the group of the committee in the public company.
2. The authority and function according to the company regulations that is defined to be for the committee group.
3. Consider approval long-term plan, budget plan, and the annual investment budget.
4. Run the company's business according to laws, objectives, and the regulations of the company as well as the resolution of the shareholder meeting
5. Plan the administration policy of the company all until the checking turn over of the company
6. Define other regulations of the company
7. Appoint board of directors or assign to one or more committees or any individual operate instead of the committee and in the limit responsibility that the board should have and has the right to cancel, ignore, edit, or change the mentioned authority.

8. Consider and approve the important activities that are related to the company or are appropriate to make benefit for the company

Except for these following issues that can operate only when permission has been given by the shareholder meeting. The committee who may have gain or loss or conflict in other benefits with the company or the sub company cannot vote for those issues.

- The topic that the law has defined must have the resolution from the shareholder meeting.
- Making the list in which the committee has gain and loss and in the area of law or regulations of the stock market defined have to be authorized from the shareholder meeting.
- Other than that, the following criteria must get the consent from the board meeting and the shareholder meeting with the vote not less than 3 out of 4 of the attending shareholders who have the rights to vote:
  - Selling or transferring the company's business all or just important parts
  - Buying or receiving the transfer of the other companies or public companies as the company's property
  - Making, editing, or canceling the contract regarding renting the company's business all or just important parts; assigning others to manage the company's business or adding the business with other individuals with the objective of sharing profits and loss with each other
  - Editing the memorandum or the company's regulation
  - Increasing or decreasing capital, issuing the debenture, combining or canceling the business
  - Other issues according to the law

Audit Committee :

On December 31, 2010 the Audit Committee comprises 3 independent directors with 3 years term as follow:-

1.	Mr. Prachuab	Chaiyasan	Chairman of the Audit Committee
2.	Mrs. Seenual	Tasanapant	Audit Committee
3.	Mr. Teerapong	Thanarukvudhikorn	Audit Committee

The Audit Committee number 2 has adequate expertise and experience to review creditability of the financial reports. (detail of Audit Committee's experiences is on Information of Directors and Managements of the Company)

Secretary of the audit committee: Ms. Supisa Cheavarakul

Duties and Responsibilities:

1. To review the Company's financial reporting process to ensure that it is accurate and adequate;
2. To review the Company's internal control system and internal audit system to ensure that they are suitable and efficient, to determine an internal audit unit's independence, as well as to approve the appointment, transfer and dismissal of the chief of an internal audit unit or any other unit in charge of an internal audit;
3. To review the Company's compliance with the law on securities and exchange, the Exchange's regulations, and the laws relating to the Company's business;
4. To consider, select and nominate an independent person to be the Company's auditor, and to propose such person's remuneration, as well as to attend meeting with the auditor without the presence of the executive directors at least once a year;

5. To review the Connected Transactions, or the transactions that may lead to conflicts of interests, to ensure that they are in compliance with the laws and the Exchange's regulations, and are reasonable and for the highest benefit of the Company;

6. To prepare, and to disclose in the Company's annual report, an audit committee's report which must be signed by the audit committee's chairman and consist of at least the following information:
   - 6.1 An opinion on the accuracy, completeness and creditability of the Company's financial report,
   - 6.2 An opinion on the adequacy of the Company's internal control system,
   - 6.3 An opinion on the compliance with the law on securities and exchange, the Exchange's regulations, or the laws relating to the Company's business,
   - 6.4 An opinion on the suitability of an auditor,
   - 6.5 An opinion on the transactions that may lead to conflicts of interests,
   - 6.6 The number of the audit committee meetings, and the attendance of such meetings by each committee member,
   - 6.7 An opinion or overview comment received by the audit committee from its performance of duties in accordance with this charter, and
   - 6.8 Other transactions which, according to the audit committee's opinion, should be known to the shareholders and general investors, subject to the scope of duties and responsibilities assigned by the Company's board of directors; and

7. To perform any other act as assigned by the Company's board of directors, with the approval of the audit committee.

Executive Committee :

On December 31, 2010 the Executive committee of comprises 4 members as follows:-

1.	Ms. Ratana	Jirapongtrakul	Chairman of the Executive Committee
2.	Mr. Boonchai	Jirapongtrakul	Executive Director
3.	Mr. Sila	Wangphornphra	Executive Director
4.	Mr. Prasertsuk	Nudthaisong	Executive Director

Duties and Responsibilities:

1. Empower of decide the significant operations by specified scope works, purpose, discipline, policy, type or size of duties within their authorities including govern general operation, production, customer's relation and must responsible to Board of Directors.

2. Consider all investments including purchasing ,selling company's fixed assets and propose to Broad of Directors.

3. Consider about the purchasing. Each time of buying raw ingredients should not more 20,000 tons.

4. Have the authority to act and be representative of the business to the third party in the related business and giving benefit to the business

5. Consider to collect the company funds for presenting to the company committee.

6. Approve the appointment of the company consultants in other issues that are necessary to the operations.

7. Run the business that relates to the general administration of the company.

8. Consider to approve the operation plans of each company department and to approve the requests from other departments that exceed the authority of such departments.

9. If the operation plans' budget of is over than the approved amount, it must be submitted to the Board of Directors for approval.

That is, the assignment of such authority, the managing director must act according to the rules and regulations that have been approved by the committee. They must not approve any issue that they or opposed individuals may gain or loss, or are opposed to the benefits in other ways with the company and sub-company. They must also reveal the following issues to the committee of the company for consideration.

Things other than what has been mentioned, Executive committee is not allowed to do unless it has been assigned from the committee meeting occasionally.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee :

On December 31, 2010 the Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises 3 members as follows:-

1.	Mrs. Seenual	Tasanapant	Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee
2.	Mrs.Nartsine	Sarnvanichpitak	Nomination and Remuneration Committee
3.	Ms. Nathita	Jiradejdumrong	Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Secretary of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee: Ms. Supisa Cheavarakul

Duties and Responsibilities :

1. Define the scope of work and method on the selection and recruitment of directors and sub-committee whose tenure have ended or unoccupied position for submission of the Board's consideration and/or further to shareholders' meetings for approval.
2. Define the method and practice of appropriate compensation for directors and sub-committee to the Board and/or further to Shareholders' meetings for approval.
3. Report to the Board of Director the results of Nomination and Remuneration Committee meetings or other matters that the Board of Directors should be informed.
4. Perform any tasks assigned by the Board of Directors.

Executives :

On December 31, 2010 the executives(1) comprises of 5 members according to definition of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as follows:-

1.	Mr. Boonchai	Jirapongtrakul	Managing Director
2.	Mr. Pornthep	Pripaisalkij	Chief Financial Officer
3.	Mr. Sanguan	Chaichusorn	Marketing Manager
4.	Mr. Sila	Wangphornphra	Manufacturing Manager
5.	Mr. Prasertsuk	Nudthaisong	Purchasing Manager

Note

(1) "Executives" mean directors, managers or those who hold the first four positions lower than the managers (who hold the highest position of the Company), those who hold the position equivalent to the four executives including those who hold management positions in accounting or finance division from division managers or equivalent onwards.

Duties and Responsibilities of Managing Director:

1. Consider the annul budget allocation as proposed by the management before submission to the Board for approval. Managing Director will also make immediate approval of changes and additions of the interim annual budget when there is no Board meeting and report to the next Broad meeting .
2. Consider buying raw ingredients should not more than 250 Million Baht or weight 10,000 tons and buying Tool equipment should not more than 10 Million Baht. If it exceeds the value that can approve, let present to ask for approval to the executive board of director meeting.
3. Approve the important investment budget stated in the annual budget of the company. Such budget had already been approved by the committee or had been approved in principle by the Board of Directors.
4. Approve the principle of business expansion as well as joint investment with other companies and submitting to the Board of Directors for approval.
5. Approve the appointment of the person who has the authority to sign the company's check and financial documents including contracts, accounting documents and general documents.
6. To be a management consultant on financial policy, marketing, personnel a administration, etc. which concerning the company's business operation.
7. Allocated bonus or compensation approved by the Board of Directors to the company's employees and workers or any person who has done the works for the company.
8. Approve the appointment, transfer and termination of employee.
9. Report to the Board of Directors and the Executive Committee immediately in case of occurred corruption, suspicion of corruption, illegal operation or any other unusual activity or operation which may affect the reputation and financial status of the company significantly,

That is, the assignment of such authority, the Managing director must act according to the rules and regulations that have been approved by the committee. They must not approve any issue that they or opposed individuals may gain or loss, or are opposed to the benefits in other ways with the company. They must also reveal the following issues to the committee of the company for consideration.

Things other than what has been mentioned, the managing director will not be able to do unless it has been assigned from the committee meeting occasionally.

Company Secretary :

The Board of Director realizes the significance of the roles and duties of the secretary of the Company to ensure compliance with the best practices for the directors of listed companies of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Board of Director shall thus appoint Company Secretary with the duties and responsibilities as follows:

1. Preparing and keeping the following documents:
   (a) a register of directors;
   (b) a notice calling director meeting, a minute of meeting of the board of directors and an annual report of the company;
   (c) a notice calling shareholder meeting and a minute of shareholders' meeting;
2. Keeping a report on interest filed by a director or an executive;
3. Performing any other acts as specified in the notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board.

Nomination of Directors and Management

1. Nomination of Directors :

Under the Company regulations, one-third of the directors must leave the Board at every annual general meeting. In the case that total number is not divisible by three, the number closest to one-third must used with the exit of the director who stays the longest with the Board of directors. The exit director maybe re-elected to the Board.

Recruitment of directors is under the responsibility of Nomination and Compensation Committee. The committee will screen candidates with qualifications predetermined in Company regulations and qualification in section 68 of the Public Company Limited Act B.E. 2535 (1992) and the related announcements of the Securities and Exchange Commission and tabled them to the Board for consideration before submission to shareholders' meetings to decide and appoint them under the following methods :

1. A shareholder has a score equal to one voice.
2. Committee election can be made through an individual or a group to be committee according to shareholder meeting. To vote, no matter individual or group who the shareholder vote will be the vice according to the number of stocks that the shareholder holds (follow previous step) in which the mentioned shareholder can not divide their voices to any individual more or less than others.
3. The individuals who receive the majority of the votes (from greatest to least) will be those who win the election of they fulfill the number of required committees. In the case that the individual gets the same number of votes, but one gets more than the required number of the committee at that time, the chairman will be the one to decide who will win the tie.

Since October 1, 2010 – December 16, 2010, shareholders have been allowed to take part in the proposal of candidates for selection. The selection method and process are posted on www.thaiyuanmetal.com, and investors are informed of the information through SET's IT information channel (portal). However, no shareholder has proposed any name for consideration in 2010.

2. Nomination of Management:

Nomination of Managing Director : The Executive Committee will conduct a preliminary screening of candidates with the required qualifications, knowledge, skills, and experience; then, table them to the Nomination and Compensation Committee for consideration and endorsement before submitting the final list to the Board of Director for consideration.

Nomination of Executives : The Managing Director will select and appoint candidates with the qualifications, knowledge, skills, and experience suitable for each executive position. The recruitment will be done under the human resources department's regulations.

Remuneration of the Directors and Management Team

Remuneration in Cash for the Year Ending 31 December 2010

- Directors' Remuneration ; Meeting Allowance and Operating Compensation

(Unit : Baht)

Name	Title	Meeting Allowance (baht/year)
1. Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul	Chairman	110,000
2. Mr.Panu Jirapilun	Director	60,000
3. Mr.Boonchai Jirapongtrakul	Director	80,000
4. Mr.Booncherd Santudpanich	Director	80,000
5. Mr.Prachuab Chaiyasan	Independent Director/ Chairman of Audit Committee	200,000
6. Mrs. Seenual Tasanapant	Independent Director/ Audit Committee / Chairman of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee	160,000
7. Mr. Teerapong Thanarukvudhikorn	Independent Director/ Audit Committee	120,000
8. Ms. Nathita Jiradejdumrong	Director/ Nomination and Remuneration Committee	80,000
9. Mrs. Nartsine Sarnvanichpitak	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	-
	operating compensation	**750,000**
	Total	**1,640,000**

- Management Remuneration

(Unit : Baht)

Remuneration	Total (person)	Salary/Bonus/Other
Directors as management	2	5,700,000
Executives	4	4,714,000
	Total	**10,414,000**

- Other remunerations

-None-

Good Corporate Governance

The Board of Director has recognized the importance on following the best practices of good corporate governance. The Company has determined that its policies on the best practices of good corporate governance as stated by the Stock Exchange of Thailand and then brought principles mentioned as a guide of how to operate the company to get the most benefit of running the business and support clearness, efficiency of the management so that Shareholders, the investors, and all relating Investor Relation as follows.

The policy regarding corporate governance

1. All information must be clearly presented and on time.
2. Directors and management persons must be sufficiency managed.
3. The principle of operating business must be benefited to shareholders.
4. Risk management must to controlled and minimized loss.
5. Ethics must be used for operating a business.

Good Corporate Governance Compliance

In 2010, the company duly complied with the principles of good corporate governance for listed companies 2006 in these following five principles:

1. RIGHTS OF SHAREHOLDERS

The company values shareholders' rights by refraining from violating or infringing on such rights as follows :

1. **Fundamental legal rights :** The Company facilitated the exercising of the management of share transfers by reliable registrars.
2. **Right to receive significant information :** The Company disclosed up-to-date information through its website for shareholders to stay abreast of significant Company news, changes, and the information disclosed under regulations. As a rule after disclosure to the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET), this is posted on the website.
3. **Right to attend meetings and vote :** The Company facilitated all shareholders' attendance at meetings and exercising of their votes. In the annual general meeting (AGM) of 2010, it instituted a management system to promote and support such rights before the meeting date, during the meeting, and after the meeting date as detailed in AGM Checklist published by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

2 EQUITABLE TREATMENT OF SHAREHOLDERS

In 2010, The Company values the equality of all shareholders. Its practical guidelines to promote genuine equality include the following :

1. Fair exercising of shareholders' rights at Annual General Meetings (AGM)

Before the meeting date :

- The Company allows each shareholder to propose agenda items for consideration at their meeting ahead of the actual meeting date and also to nominate candidates for directors and Shareholders are allowed to submit written questions about agenda items ahead of the meeting date through its website. In 2010, no shareholder proposed their own agenda and nominates candidates for the Company Directors.
- The Company has authorized Thailand Securities Depository Co., Ltd as the share registrar to deliver invitation letters enclosed with minutes of the previous meeting, annual report, documents to supplement decision making in each agenda, explanations and information of the independent directors, steps to attend the meeting, special regulations relating to the shareholder's meeting, the meeting venue and proxy form to all shareholders at least seven days before the meeting. Such information is also made available through the Company website at www.thaiyuanmetal.com and announced in the newspapers for three consecutive days before the meeting to inform the shareholders in advance.
- Through the meeting notice, the Company informs shareholders of meeting participation criteria, providing them with a list of independent directors on proxy forms designed by the Ministry of Commerce. This proxy forms also provide for shareholders' written opinions on balloting.

Shareholders' Meeting :

- The Company provides two hours before each meeting for registration and even after that, it allows shareholders who still want to attend the meeting to do so and register their attendance without losing their rights and they still have the voting right for the items remaining on the agenda. Souvenirs and food as well as refreshments are also offered to those attending.
- The Company Secretary informs the meeting about the meeting criteria and rules as the procedures for balloting and provides shareholders with the voting right, equivalent to the number of shares held. One share yields one vote.
- The Company encouraged the meeting to use voting ballots and encouraged shareholders to exercise the voting right in selecting director. Prepared ballots for individual director and distributed them to the shareholders during registration before the meeting began. Details of the voting scores were recorded in the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders for the Year 2010. The Voting ballots key documentation are systematically compiled and may be inspected for subsequent reference.
- The Company allows shareholders to fully express their views and raise their questions. The Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chairman of Audit Committee, the Managing Director and CEO attend all meetings to address questions clearly.

After the meeting date :

- The Company Secretary records all significant information at an AGM, such as the Directors in attendance; the clarifications of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the Chairman of Audit Committee, the Managing Director. It includes questions raised and opinions expressed by shareholder; the method for voting and counting votes; the number of votes for, against or non-voting on an Issue; and any other relevant information.

- The Minutes of the Meeting are forwarded to the Stock Exchange of Thailand within 14 days of the Meeting and are also posted on the company's website. This allows shareholders to inspect the accuracy of resolutions and make suggestions for any other details to be recorded prior to proposing the approval of the said Minutes at the next Shareholders' Meeting.

2. Control and Prevention of the Use of Inside Information :

- The company sets to have the protection against bringing company information to be used by setting unit that know information and will not reveal it to other unrelated individuals or group.
- The Company administrator who receives the financial of the company will not use the benefit from the mentioned information before reveal to the public. The administrators cannot buy or sell the company's assets for a period of one month before the financial budget will be presented to the public
- When the company assets register in the stock exchange in Thailand, the company has set that the committee and administrator have functioned in reporting asset holding in the company according to the Sections 59 so that it would be as announced of the National Election Committee Office 14/1997 about making and revealing the report of asset holding on May 12, 1997 and have set the penalty according to the Possession and Stock Exchange Act, 1992 and the regulations of Stock Exchange in Thailand. This includes setting the penalty for those searching for their own benefit from using the company's internal information for personal use reveal to others, thus damaging the company. There will be consideration concerning the punishment according to the situation such as verbal warning, written warning, suspension, including halt employment by firing or dislodge.
- In making connected transactions, the company strictly manages the approval procedure in its best interests. Transactions with possible conflicts of interest are raised for the Audit Committee's scrutiny before submitting to the Board and shareholders' meetings for consideration, if applicable. The Company discloses complete important information in compliance with the regulation

3 ROLES OF STAKEHOLDERS

In 2010, The Company gives the importance to the right to all group of individuals who gain or loss, no matter if they will gain or loss inside or outside. Because the company realizes the support from those who gain or loss, which will create abilities in competition and make profit for the company, it is considered to bring success to the company on the long-term. These are the important details;

- Staffs	:	Equitable treatment and reasonable benefits to all staff.
- Traders and Creditors	:	Fair treatment and follow terms and conditions stated in agreement.
- Customer	:	Create a satisfaction to the customer, take care and be responsible for the customer by emphasizing the product quality, qualified service.
- Competitors	:	Avoid unfair competition, and practice business ethics.
- Community/Social	:	The Company considers the environment by being responsible of taking care of making sure there is no effect on the environment of the public and society

In addition, it has instituted a communication channel for requests, opinions and suggestions with the Board of Director to enable parties to make useful recommendations provided a box to receive comment at the front of the office or by website or email at ty_info@thaiyuanmetal.com, ty_audit@thaiyuanmetal.com. The Company's Secretary who receives and summarizes all topics, and to the Audit Committee, and Board of Directors. The Company gives importance to the secrecy of information received in order to build confidence to sender, and complaint will only be known to assigned and related persons.

4 DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION AND TRANSPARENCY

In 2010, The Company highly values the disclosure of financial and other information through various channels for shareholder, investors and stakeholders to equally reach the information as follows:-

- Disclose assorted significant information, including financial information, shareholding structure, good corporate governance and company information submitted to SET through its ELCID system, Annual Report, Form 56-1, notice to shareholders' meeting, minutes of shareholders' meetings in both Thai and English, is regularly updated at www. thaiyuanmetal.com
- On the investor relationship side, currently, the company is in the process of setting the specific unit, but has appointed to the Ms. Nathita Jiradejdumrong, communicate with the institutional investor, shareholders, including the analyzer and the related government agency.

5 RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD

In 2010, the company has responsibility and leadership and vision from to be Good Corporate Governance as follows:

1. Composition of the Board :

- In 2010, the Board consisted of 8 directors-three non-executives and two executive. Three were independent directors. Information about the terms of each director appears in the annual report, Form 56-1.
- Chairman and Managing Director are individual but they are the relation. Their experience different are advantageous for each department. However, company had divided clearly the authority for each company committee and administration and 3 company's non administration committee for balancing and auditing of company administration.
- The Board has not only defined a formal and transparent recruitment procedure for directors, to be executed by the Nominating and Remuneration Committee, bust has made it possible for shareholders to nominate suitable persons for selection.
- Terms of Directors :

  As stated in company regulations, each director's term is three years, in line with that stated in the Public Company Limited Act. It is also stipulated that the Audit Committee can be in office for up to three consecutive terms.
- Company Secretary

  Ms. Supisa Cheavarakul , has bee assigned to serve as Company Secretary. This person is a regular employee. Who can be contacted by email at ty_info @thaiyuanmetal.com.

2. Sub Committees

The Board of Directors has set up a series of key sub-committees which are composed of knowledgeable persons and those with appropriate expertise to help supervise and examine several issues and assignments to ensure their accuracy, transparency and completeness before submitting to the Board of Directors for approval or acknowledgement on case-by-case basis to support the Company's administration and management :

- The Audit Committee

  This committee consists of three independent and with one well-versed in such fields. The term of each committee is three years.

- The Nomination and Remuneration Committee

  This committee consists of three Directors, one member be from an outsiders and one member is officer include five members.

- The Executive Committee

  This committee consists of two executive directors and two executive include four members. Executive committee was authorized to administration.

3. Role and responsibilities of the Board of Directors

1. The committee has to involve in determining the vision, duty, strategy, objectives, business plan and budget of the company, including supervision to the management to operate according to the business plan and the defined budget efficiently. This is done to add more value to the business and more security to the shareholders.
2. The committee has to set the internal control system, internal checking, and standard in risk administration efficiently. They have to follow the operation in that issue constantly in the company meeting.
3. The committee has the superintended administration department according to company's policy exclude contrariety or any benefit and the matter which were consider by shareholder as the definition of Stock exchange of Thailand.
4. The committee must consider the setting and separate the roles and responsibility between the committee, audit committee, and management clearly (according to item The Company's Management Structure) including communicating role, duty and responsibility to the committee, and management and staff of the company constantly.

4. Code of Conduct & Business Ethic

The Company had set up code of conduct and business ethics for directors, management team and all employees to conduct with transparency, honesty and morality to all groups and social.

5. Items that may have opposition to benefit

To avoid oppositions in benefits, the committee has looked over carefully whenever an issue with oppositions emerges. Including setting the policy and way of taking care, not letting the administrator and those related use the company's internal information to benefit themselves as follows :

1. Items that may have conflicts of interest :

The Board of Directors acknowledges the rules and requirements relating to conflicts of interest between related business entities. Where such conflicts have arisen they are shown in the table Related Party Transactions and in all cases have been addressed in accordance with SEC, SET regulations such that prices and condition of procurement are the same as would apply in normal third party "arm's length" transactions. The Related Party Transactions table provides details of the parties concerned, contract value, and reason/necessity for relationship and is repeated in Form 56-1.

2. Supervision in using internal information :

Do not let the administrator or the unit that knows the internal information reveal to outsiders or any irrelevant individuals who do not buy or sell the assets of the company in a period of one month before the financial statement is distributed to the public. (Detail of Supervision in using internal information on section 2 (2)

6. The internal checking and controlling systems

The company has given importance to the internal control system, both in administration level and the operation level to have received the efficiency. It has set the duty, the authority in operation of the operators and administrators in writing. They have been controlled for the asset using to make use and have separation of roles, the control follower, and the evaluator to create a balance and check each other appropriately. In addition, there are internal controls that relate to the financial system, in which the company has set to have the financial report system to present to the administrator according to the work line. The company has still organized the internal checking to assure that the main operation and important financial activities have operated according to the way defined efficiently, including checking the operation by law and the regulation relating to the company (compliance control) and for the internal checking unit have independence, able to do checking duties and fully balance. The committee defined to have the internal checking unit reports the checking result directly to the audit committee and receive the evaluation from the audit committee also.

7. Balance of Power by Non-Executives

The Company's Board of Director as at 31 December 2010 comprises 8 reputable members, as follows :

- Executive Director 2
- Non-Executive Director 3
- Independent directors 3 (37.50% of the total Board Directors)

8. The Board of Directors' Meeting

The Company requires regular meetings every quarter and has set the meeting's schedule in advance throughout the year in order to enable all directors to manage their time to attend every meeting to protect the Company interests. The Company may call an additional meeting if needed. Invitation letters enclosed with the meeting's agenda and other documents would also be delivered to all directors at least seven days ahead of the meeting so that the Board of Directors has sufficient time to study information. Generally, the meeting would take about 2-3 hours. Minutes of the meeting and important issues have been prepared accurately and completely at appropriate time. Minutes of the meeting which have gone through an acknowledgement of the Board of Directors would be filed properly for later examination of the Board of Directors, shareholder, and related parties, and for references.

Meeting Attendance and Remuneration of the Directors in 2010

Name		Attendance/Meeting			
		Board of Directors	Audit Committee	Nomination and Remuneration Committee	Term of Director Term
1 .Ms.Ratana	Jirapomgtrakul	4/4			Apr 2010-2013
2. Mr.Panu	Jarupilun	3/4			Apr 2009-2012
3. Mr.Boonchai	Jirapongtrakul	4/4			Apr 2010-2013
4. Mr.Booncherd	Santudpanich	4/4			Apr 2010-2013
5. Mr.Prachuab	Chaiyasan	4/4	4/4		Apr 2009-2012
6. Mr.Teerapong	Thanarukvudhikorn	3/4	3/4		Apr 2008-2011
7. Mrs.Seenual	Tasanapant	4/4	4/4	-	Apr 2008-2011
8. Ms.Nathita	Jiradejdumrong	4/4		-	Apr 2009-2012
9. Mrs.Nartsine	Sarnvanichpitak	-	-	-	-

Note - No 9 Nomination and Remuneration committee was assigned from outsider.

9. Self assessment of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is required to perform a Board Self-Assessment to be used to review the Board of Directors' duties. In 2010, The Company using from The Stock Exchange of Thailand's Corporate Governance Center. The Board of directors has the opinions that, the board was operating, efficiently, understood it role and responsibilities. The board had good understanding the company's and business situations and each director has dedicated to make effective contribution to the Board's Performance.

10. Remuneration of directors and executives

Remuneration of directors and executives is made transparent and offered at a proper rate compared with the industry's offer and according to contributions of each member of the Board of Directors. Remuneration of the Board of Director will be subject to the Shareholder's meeting, while remuneration of the high-ranking management is offered according to principles and policies imposed by the Board of Director based on operating performance of the Company through consideration and approval of the Selection Committee.

Compensation of the executives follows the rules and policy in which the committee has set. It connects the business profit of the company and the operation result of each executive.

11. Director and Management Development

Board of Director had encouraged and facilitated giving training to personnel related to corporate governance, such as, directors, audit committee directors, managements, in order to improve the operation

When this is changing of new director, Company will provide documents and information to support the new director, including business introduction and operation for new director.

Control and Prevention of the Use of Inside Information

Detail Control and Prevention of the Use of inside Information on section 2 : Equitable Treatment of Shareholders

Labor dispute

(1) The total of company employees as on December 31, 2010 were 177 persons (not include administrators). This consists of the employee according to the work lines as follows.

Department	Numbers of Permanent Staff (Person)
	2010
1. Office	86
2. Factory	91
Total	177

In a period of the past three years. The company did not have any conflicts about labor.

(2) Employee's compensation

The total compensations of the employee who were not the administrators of the company and sub-company (including coming in and going out of the employee during the year) in 2010 was 27.65 million baht. This compensation was in the form of salary, Bonus wage, overtime wage, living expenses and long time supportive fund

Personnel development policy

Human Resource Department had set up policies as follow :-

1. Recruit and screen personnel who have knowledge, ability to handle the works in order to make company achieves all objectives.
2. Sustain capability personnels with the company.
3. evelop personnel ability with high working standard to create
4. Create good working environment in order to improve organization and good attitude of staff.



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Related Party Transactions

The Summary of the Listing Between each Other of the Company, Subsidiary, and the Relevant Companies or with the person who may have the benefit conflict in the year 2010 and year 2009 as follows:

	Relationship	Type of Category	Description of Category	Value (Million Baht) 2010	Value (Million Baht) 2009	The Needs and Necessity
1. Thai Nguan Ethanol Public Company Limited	Mr.Panu Jarupilun, Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul, Mr.Boonchai Jirapongtrakul and Mr.Booncherd Santudpanich Are Director and Shareholder of the Company	1. The income from selling the Merchandise	• The Company sells structural steel to Thai Nguan Ethanol Public Company Limited	10.48	3.81	- The structural steel selling is the normal trading. The price that the company sells structural steel to the Thai Nguan Ethanol Public Company Limited is the market price and the price selling to the third party.
		2. Account receivable	• The normal business that related to the merchandise selling	0.47	1.32	
2. Kim Heng Loha Co., Ltd.	Mr.Vichit Lohajaroon is a brother - in - law of Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul	1. The income from selling the Merchandise	• The company sells all kind of steel products to Kim Heng Loha Co., Ltd.	264.97	275.08	- The steel selling is the normal trading. The price that the company sells structural steel to the Kim Heng Loha Co., Ltd. is the market price and the price selling to the third party.
		2. Account receivable	• The normal business that related to the merchandise selling	71.02	31.70	
3. V.P. Wire Mesh Co., Ltd	Mr.Pasit Sittisirinukul and Mrs.Wanna Sittisirinukul are the cousin - in - law and a niece of Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul respectively	1. The income from selling the Merchandise	• The company sells all kind of steel products to V.P. Wire Mesh Co., Ltd.	337.49	8.81	- The steel purchasing - selling is the normal trading. The price that the company sells structural steel to the V.P. Wire Mesh Co., Ltd. is the market price and the price selling to the third party.
		2. Account receivable	• The normal business that related to the merchandise selling	2.64	0.62	
		3. Purchase raw materials and other goods	• The company purchase all kind of steel products from V.P. Wire Mesh Co., Ltd.	-	-	
		4. Account payable	• The normal business that related to the merchandise purchasing	0.86	0.55	

	Relationship	Type of Category	Description of Category	Value (Million Baht) 2010	Value (Million Baht) 2009	The Needs and Necessity
4. Nam Tai Steel Co., Ltd.	Mr.Suwit Jirapongtraukul and Mrs.Wanna Sittisirinukul are nephew and niece of Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul	1. The income from selling the Merchandise	• The company sells rolled steel and steel sheet to Nam tai Steel Co., Ltd.	7.58	7.54	- The steel purchasing - selling is the normal trading. The price that the company sells structural steel to the Nam Tai Steel Co., Ltd. is the market price and the price purchasing - selling to the third party.
		2. Account receivable	• The normal business that related to the merchandise selling	0.95	-	
		3. Purchase raw materials and other goods	• The company purchase all kinds of steel products from Nam Tai Co., Ltd.	7.24	16.55	
		4. Account payable	• The normal business that related to the merchandise purchasing	0.48	-	
5. Mahachai Steel Inter Co., Ltd.	Ms.Chayada Ngamchamnunrit is sister of Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul	1. Purchase raw materials and other goods	• The company purchase steel rod from Mahachai Steel Inter Co., Ltd.	4.28	1.32	- The steel purchasing is the normal trading. The price that the company sells structural steel to the Mahachai Steel Inter Co., Ltd. is the market price and the price selling to the third party.
6. Kimseng Steel Co., Ltd.	Mrs.Athitthan Jirapongtrakul and Mr.Surachai Jirapongtrakul are cousin of Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul respectively	1. The income from selling the Merchandise	• The Company sells Appearance Iron to Kimseng Steel Co., Ltd.	-	-	- The steel purchasing - selling is the normal trading. The price that the company sells structural steel to the Kimseng Steel Co., Ltd. is the market price and the price purchasing-selling to the third party.
		2. Purchase raw materials and other goods	• The Company purchase steel rod from Kimseng Steel Co., Ltd.	2.26	18.54	

	Relationship	Type of Category	Description of Category	Value (Million Baht) 2010	Value (Million Baht) 2009	The Needs and Necessity
7. Metal Inter Co., Ltd.	Mr.Niwat Ngamchamnunrit and Ms.Chayada Ngamchamnunrit are nephew and a sister of brother - in - law of Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul respectively	1. The income from selling the Merchandise	• The Company sells Appearance Iron to Metal Inter Co., Ltd.	-	-	- The steel purchasing - selling is the normal trading. The price that the company sells structural steel to the Metal Inter Co., Ltd. is the market price and the price purchasing - selling to the third party.
		2. Purchase raw materials and other goods	• The Company purchase steel rod from Metal Inter Co., Ltd.	28.92	12.77	
		3. Account payable	• The normal business that related to the merchandise purchasing	-	3.18	
8. Kimchai Steel Co., Ltd.	Mrs.Rukkana Santudpanich is sister of Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul	1. The income from selling the Merchandise	• The Company sells Appearance Iron to Kimchai Steel Co., Ltd.	2.57	2.62	- The steel selling is the normal trading. The price that the company sells structural steel to the Kimchai Steel Co., Ltd. is the market price and the price selling to the third party.
		2. Account receivable	• The normal business that related to the merchandise selling	0.13	-	
9. Thai Ping Ethanol Co., Ltd.	Mr.Panu Jarupilun, Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul, Mr.Boonchai Jurapongtrakul and Mr.Booncherd Santudpanich, Director and Shareholder of the company	1. The income from selling the Merchandise	• The company sell structural steel to Thai Ping Ethanol Co., Ltd.	3.28	3.15	- The steel selling is the normal trading. The price that the company sells structural steel to the Thai Ping Ethanol Co., Ltd. is the market price and the price selling to the third party.
		2. Account receivable	• The normal business that related to the merchandise selling	0.22	1.39	
		3. Others income				

	Relationship	Type of Category	Description of Category	Value (Million Baht) 2010	Value (Million Baht) 2009	The Needs and Necessity
10. Mahachai Steel Center Co., Ltd.	Mr.Nirun Ngamchamnunrit and Ms.Ratda Jirapongtrakul are younger brother - in - law, older brother - in - law and sister of Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul	1. Purchase raw materials and other goods	• The company purchases rolled steel from Mahachai Steel Center Co., Ltd.	23.74	242.72	- The steel purchasing - selling is the normal trading. The price that the company sells structural steel to the Mahachai Steel Center Co., Ltd. is the market price and the price purchasing - selling to the third party.
		2. Account payable	• The normal business that related to the merchandise purchasing	-	2.88	
11. Kimchua Steel Co.Ltd	Mr.Viroj Jirapongtrakul is nephew of Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul	1. The income from selling the Merchandise	• The Company sells Appearance Iron to Kimchua Steel Co., Ltd.	0.14	-	- The steel selling is the normal trading. The price that the company sells structural steel to the Kimchua Steel Co., Ltd. is the market price and the price selling to the third party.
12. Kim Nguan Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul and Mr.Boonchoke Santudpanich, Director and Shareholder of the Comapny	1. The income from selling the Merchandise	• The Company sells spare part and mechanical equipment from Kim Nguan Enterprise Co., Ltd.	0.04	0.05	- The purchasing spare part and mechanical equipment for maintenance the machine as the price selling to the third party.
		2. Account receivable		0.007	0.04	
		3. Purchase raw materials and other goods		-	-	

Necessity and Reasonableness of Connected Transactions.

Connected party transactions with related companies or any persons who may have conflict of interest in the past year were the normal trading such as the merchandise purchasing, merchandise distributing. The company has the policy to let the audit committee consider and give the opinion to such listing. The audit committee will bring the market price of others to compare with the price of listing between each other to consider every details were disclosed in Note To Financial Statement No.20 in year 2010.

For the listing between each other that is not the normal trading such as bellowed from director, the company has the policy to let the audit committee consider and give opinion to such listing before the company does to that list. Also, the committee who may benefit or lose cannot vote.

Policy or Trend of listing between each other

In the future, if the company has the need to do the list between each other with the person who may have the conflict with the company, the company has the policy to set the condition according to the nature of normal business and is the market price that can compare with the price occurred to the third party. The company will let the audit committee to check and give opinions regarding the appropriateness of the price and the logic of the listing

Listing between each other that may happen in the future must be practiced by the committee according to other regulations that is defined and the committee must not approve any listing that they or the persons who may have the conflict in any manner with the company and must open such list to the company committee to let them consider. The company must practice to the law regarding the possession and stock exchange and discipline, announce, order, or regulation of the stock exchange of Thailand, including the practice according to the regulation of opening information about doing the list that are related and receiving or distributing the assets of the company or sub-company.

If there is any listing between each other of Asia Metal Public Company Limited and the sub-company that occurs with the person who make the conflict in benefit or has benefits and losses or has the conflict in benefit that is not the normal trading, the company will let the audit committee give opinions concerning the price, compensation rate, including the need and appropriateness of that list. In the case that the audit committee has no experience in considering the listing between each other that may occur, the company will let the independent evaluator or the expert as the one who give opinion regarding the listing between each other to make the decision of the audit committee, committee, or the shareholders according to each situation. The company will open the list between each other in the note for financial statements, the annual information list form (form 56-1) and the annual report of the company (form 56-2).

Audit Committee's Report 2010

Dear Shareholders

The Audit Committee of Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited of Mr. Prachuab Chaiyasan, Chairman of the Audit Committee, Mrs. Seenual Tasanapant and Mr. Teerapong Thanarukvudhikorn, members of the Audit Committee. All Audit Committee member possess appropriate qualifications and one of the Directors has adequate experiences and capable to revieanuyuth.cheavarakul@hotmail.comw creditability of the financial report. The Audit Committee reviews performance against its charter issued by the Board of Directors, which aligns with the regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand (SET).

The Audit Committee has fully performed its duties and responsibilities to review and evaluate internal control systems, and disclosure of Company information, and reviewed implementation of the provisions of related governing laws, as well as any other important tasks. In 2010, the Audit Committee convened 4 meetings. Each Audit Committee director attended every meeting with senior executives, external auditors and internal auditors with independence in reporting, expressing opinion and giving recommendations. Significant tasks were summarized as follows :

1. **Reviewed company's quarterly and audited financial statements of 2010;**

   Reviewed a quarterly and audited financial statements of 2010 with executives and auditor to ensure that financial statements of both the Company and its subsidiaries were in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and disclosure of related party transactions between the company, its subsidiary and affiliated companies was scrutinized to ensure that the company complied with business criteria required by the Stock Exchange of Thailand.

2. **Reviewed the internal control system and the internal audit systems;**

   Reviewed audit operations, audit reports and gave advise on quarterly basis and viewed that internal control systems were adequate and internal audit systems were appropriate and efficient.

3. **Compliance with Relevant Laws and Regulations;**

   The company has a clear policies to comply with all regulations and related governing laws, the Audit committee did not find any significant incompliance to the law. The company realizes the importance of information disclosure, including financial statements and other reports, and ensures that they are complete, accurate, reliable and timely.

4. **Consider Appointing the External Auditors and audit fee for year 2011;**

   The Audit Committee has taken into consideration the independence, performance, and experience and an appropriate remuneration of auditors. The Audit Committee has passed an unanimous resolution to propose to the Company's Board of Directors for consideration and propose to the shareholders' meeting to consider and approve the appointment of Mr.Chanunkorn Satiraprapakul CPA.No 6554 of Grand Audit Co., Ltd, or Mr. Jadesada Hungsapruek CPA No.3759 from Karin Audit Co., Ltd. to serve as the Company's external auditor for the year 2011, the audit fee will be within Baht 730,000 for the Company and subsidiaries.

5. Review the Connected transactions or transactions that may have conflict of interests;

The Audit Committee reviewed related party transactions that may cause a conflict of interest to the Company and found that they were real and carried out during a normal course of business and the company carried out for the company's maximum benefit. And reviewed the company's compliance according to the laws governing securities and exchange, regulations of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and other legislations relating to its business and found that they were fully complied.

The Audit Committee considered that in the previous year, the Board of Directors as well as the managements of the company were well compliance with the principles of good corporate governance. They performed their duties and responsibilities ethically, in compliance with international standards and applicable laws, the company had also prepared financial report in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles, with an adequate disclosure of information, without any material deficiencies.



Mr. Prachuab Chaiyasan

Chairman of the Audit Committee

Report of the Board of Director's Responsibility to the financial Report

The Board of Director of Responsibility information to Financial Report

The Board of Director is responsible for financial statement of Thai Yuan Metal Public Co.,Ltd. which included all financial information as in our annual report. This financial statement has been made in applicable practice methods regularly as general accountancy standards. It has also revealed enough information as in its prcised remark in order to be beneficial for our shareholders and investors thoroughly.

The Board of Director who has also made the efficient processes of risk management and internal control appropriately. These processes can be ensuring that our information protections in particular to preserve all company assets effectively, moreover to prevent fraud or any significant abnormal operations.

The Board of Director has appointed the Audit Committee to responsible for reviewing all accountancy policies and financial report accuracies. In charge of verification all internal controls, internal audit system together with risk operating processes as already mentioned in annual report.

The financial statement has been verified by auditor from AST Master Co., Ltd with good cooperation from Board of Director to provide all related information in order to support their audit and independent in expressing opinion. The auditor's opinion was already expressed in our financial report as part company annual report.

Thus, the board of director has concluded that our internal control systems are satisfactory. And the financial statement of Thai Yuan Metal Public Co., Ltd. for year ended December 31, 2010 can be reliable and conformed to laws and regulations.



Ms. Ratana Jirapongtrakul

(Chairman)



Mr.Boonchai Jirapongtrakul

(Managing Director)

Financial Ratio

		For Consolidated Financial Statement		For Separated Financial Statement	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
Liquidity Ratio					
Current ratio	(times)	1.27	1.41	1.35	1.42
Quick ratio	(times)	0.56	0.68	0.56	0.68
Cash flow liquidity ratio	(times)	(0.29)	(0.26)	(0.29)	(0.27)
Receivables turnover	(times)	8.29	5.88	8.29	5.88
Collection period	(day)	43.44	61.18	43.42	61.17
Inventory period	(times)	10.01	7.53	9.99	7.52
Inventory Turnover period	(day)	35.96	47.79	36.05	47.89
Account payable turnover	(times)	160.54	70.48	160.87	70.50
Payment period	(day)	2.24	5.11	2.24	5.11
Cash Cycle	(times)	77.15	103.87	77.23	103.96
Profitability Ratio					
Gross profit margin	(%)	3.98	0.36	4.19	0.54
Operating Profit Margin	(%)	2.67	(1.51)	2.74	(1.53)
Other Income Ratio	(%)	0.67	2.10	0.71	2.10
Cash to Profit Ratio	(%)	(212.83)	376.77	(204.52)	374.46
Net profit margin	(%)	2.02	0.11	2.14	0.10
Return on equity	(%)	15.72	0.54	16.89	0.49
Efficiency Ratio					
Return on assets	(%)	6.25	0.26	6.71	0.24
Return on fixed assets	(%)	43.51	4.82	60.38	4.56
Assets turnover	(times)	3.10	2.43	3.13	2.44

		For Consolidated Financial Statement		For Separated Financial Statement	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
Financial Ratio					
Debt to equity ratio	(times)	1.73	1.26	1.72	1.28
Interest coverage	(times)	(9.18)	(10.10)	(9.11)	(10.21)
Cash Basis	(times)	(2.45)	(1.20)	(2.37)	(1.28)
Dividend rate	(%)	-	-	-	-
Net profit per share (Fully Diluted)	(baht)	0.038	0.001	0.040	0.001
Book value per share*	(baht)	0.257	0.218	0.255	0.215
Growth Ratio					
Assets	(%)	41.77%	18.82%	41.87%	17.83%
Liabilities	(%)	60.98%	43.98%	60.24%	43.34%
Total revenue	(%)	67.76%	-22.26%	67.80%	-22.28%
Administrative expenses	(%)	63.19%	-21.04%	63.03%	-21.03%
Net profit (loss)	(%)	2,998.83%	-88.35%	3,603.07%	-65.91%

Management Discussion on Operations

The Company's operation results and financial status of year 2009 – 2010 were as follows :

Profit and Loss Statement

Total revenues of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2010 equaled Baht 7,417.2 million compared with Baht 4,421.4 million of year 2009, increasing Baht 2,995.8 million or 67.76%. Total revenues increased mainly due to better metal trading in year 2010 when compared to year 2009, i.e., sale quantities increased around 55.39%, and selling prices increased around 9.50%. In addition, there were extraordinary items in year 2010 as follows:-

1) Interest received as revenue from compensation for guarantee selling prices of inventory from supplier amount Baht 15 million.

(2) Reversal of reserve loss from impairment of inventories, which was accrued before, amount Baht 30.78 million.

Cost of goods sold for year 2010 presented Baht 7,074.7 million compared with Baht 4,313.3 million of 2009, increased Baht 2,761.4 million or 64.0%, the increasing was varied in line with sale volume. Selling and administrative expenses of year 2010 equaled to Baht 73.5 million compared to Baht 45.3 million of year 2009, increased for Baht 28.2 million due to sale commission and depreciations, which were resulting from new investments in year 2009 through 2010 for renovating godowns and buying new machines. In addition, there was additional provision for doubtful debt Baht 22.9 million in 2010.

Finance cost increased Baht 14.50 million from year 2009 due to higher using short term loan for reserving stocks to support sale volume. After deducting all expenses and income tax, the Company reported net profit for year 2010 Baht 149.5 million, compared to net profit of Baht 4.8 million of 2009, increasing of net profit Baht 144.7 million or 3,014.58%

Balance sheet

Total Assets of the Company as of December 31, 2010 equaled Baht 2,805.0 million compared with Baht 1,978.5 million of year 2009, assets increased Baht 826.5 million due to accounts receivable, inventories, and advance money for inventories, which were resulting from high sale volume in the year 2010, and increased of investments for renovating godowns and buying new machines totally around Baht 135 million.

Total Liabilities increased from Baht 1,104.1 million in 2009 to Baht 1,777.4 million in year 2010 due to higher borrowing of short-term loan around Baht 660 million as working capital for supporting the sale volume and reserved stocks, resulting D/E ratio increased from 1.26 as at December 31, 2009 to 1.73 as at December 31, 2010. Please be informed accordingly.

Factors which might affected future plan

Analysis of factors which might affected to future operation result and financial status of the company and subsidiary was already mentioned in caption "Risk Factors".

Audit Fee

Auditor from Grand Audit Co., Ltd was not related party to the company. Amount Baht 630,000 was paid as auditor fee for year 2010 for the auditing financial statements of the company. No other fee was paid.


One Stop
Metal Service

Report of Certified Public Accountant

To The Board of Directors and Shareholders of **Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited**

I have audited the consolidated balance sheets as at December 31, 2010 and 2009, the consolidated statements of income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended of **Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited and subsidiaries,** I have also audited the separate balance sheets as at December 31, 2010 and 2009, the separate statements of income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended of **Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited**. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's managements as to their correctness and the completeness of the presentation. My responsibility is to express an opinion on based on my audits.

I conducted my audits in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audits provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position as at December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the consolidated results of their operations and cash flows for the years then ended of **Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited and subsidiaries** and the separate financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the company's financial position as at December 31, 2010 and 2009 and the results of its operations, and cash flows for the years then ended of **Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited**, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(CHANUNKORN SATIRAPRAPAKUL)
Certified Public Accountant Registration No. 6554

Grand Audit Co., Ltd.
Bangkok
February 24, 2011

Balance Sheets

Thai Yuan Public Company Limited and subidiary
as at December 31, 2010 and 2009

	Notes	Baht			
		Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
ASSETS					
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents		48,256,193.06	24,861,537.28	44,960,306.52	21,900,755.36
Trade accounts receivable					
- Related companies	7, 20.2	98,126,647.09	43,297,380.00	98,002,900.84	43,297,380.00
- Other companies - net	7	838,881,541.80	677,229,371.44	838,538,900.30	677,116,989.72
Inventories - net	8	839,530,496.78	573,680,771.32	839,530,496.78	573,680,771.32
Advance payment for purchase of goods - net	9	374,826,362.32	211,702,542.05	374,826,362.32	211,702,542.05
Short-term loans to and accrued interest income					
- related companies	20.2	-	-	137,442,068.50	8,000,000.00
Receivable - Revenue department		44,304,835.65	21,929,394.25	34,687,138.35	21,929,394.25
Other current assets		2,972,584.11	4,337,879.63	2,322,726.88	1,757,725.96
Total current assets		2,246,898,660.81	1,557,038,875.97	2,370,310,900.49	1,559,385,558.66
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Investments in subsidiaries	10	-	-	43,000,000.00	34,250,000.00
Property, plant and equipment - net	11	498,137,652.34	362,465,428.39	311,405,894.20	309,374,786.77
Assets not used in operations - net	12	14,727,503.48	15,113,567.26	14,727,503.48	15,113,567.26
Computer software - net	13	555,688.91	527,109.16	491,844.41	527,109.16
Prepaid corporate income tax		43,614,481.26	43,383,981.60	43,614,481.26	43,383,981.60
Deposits		1,108,000.00	8,000.00	8,000.00	8,000.00
Total non-current assets		558,143,325.99	421,498,086.41	413,247,723.35	402,657,444.79
TOTAL ASSETS		2,805,041,986.80	1,978,536,962.38	2,783,558,623.84	1,962,043,003.45

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Balance Sheets

Thai Yuan Public Company Limited and subidiary
as at December 31, 2010 and 2009

	Notes	Baht			
		Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans					
from financial institutions	14	1,660,000,000.00	1,050,219,789.95	1,660,000,000.00	1,050,219,789.95
Trade accounts payable					
- Related companies	20.2	479,893.29	6,052,562.43	479,893.29	6,052,562.43
- Other companies		55,963,478.13	25,642,084.54	55,752,358.74	25,451,562.37
Advance received from sales of goods		578,500.00	8,254.57	578,500.00	8,254.57
Current portion of liabilities under hire-purchase agreements		3,122,831.97	719,450.40	-	-
Payable from acquisition of assets		3,980,756.41	7,447,443.98	1,678,568.66	7,447,443.98
Income tax payable		13,704,821.19	-	13,178,505.45	-
Accrued expenses		21,906,400.34	5,950,574.80	20,556,175.74	6,302,678.40
Other current liabilities		11,953,346.69	5,691,200.42	9,804,191.09	4,126,685.25
Total current liabilities		1,771,690,028.02	1,101,731,361.09	1,762,028,192.97	1,099,608,976.95
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Liabilities under hire-purchase agreements - net		5,702,124.33	2,388,071.78	-	-
Total liabilities		1,777,392,152.35	1,104,119,432.87	1,762,028,192.97	1,099,608,976.95
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY					
Share capital					
Authorized shares					
4,000,000,000 common shares of Baht 0.10 each		400,000,000.00	400,000,000.00	400,000,000.00	400,000,000.00
Issued and paid-up shares					
4,000,000,000 common shares of Baht 0.10 each		400,000,000.00	400,000,000.00	400,000,000.00	400,000,000.00
Premium on ordinary shares		191,479,600.00	191,479,600.00	191,479,600.00	191,479,600.00
Retained earnings					
Appropriated for legal reserve	16	22,720,000.00	14,720,000.00	22,720,000.00	14,720,000.00
Unappropriated		399,230,874.45	255,073,606.34	407,330,830.87	256,234,426.50
Total parent's shareholders' equity		1,013,430,474.45	861,273,206.34	1,021,530,430.87	862,434,026.50
Minority interest		14,219,360.00	13,144,323.17	-	-
Total shareholders' equity		1,027,649,834.45	874,417,529.51	1,021,530,430.87	862,434,026.50
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		2,805,041,986.80	1,978,536,962.38	2,783,558,623.84	1,962,043,003.45

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Income

Thai Yuan Public Company Limited and subidiary
for the years ended december 31, 2010 and 2009

	Baht			
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Revenues				
Sales	7,365,657,229.21	4,328,073,836.28	7,365,507,357.76	4,328,073,836.28
Service income	2,144,842.40	651,144.06	-	-
Compensation for guarantee selling price of inventory from supplier	-	32,689,649.14	-	32,689,649.14
Reversal of loss on diminution of inventories	30,784,616.56	53,891,525.59	30,784,616.56	53,891,525.59
Other income	18,609,791.68	6,132,269.62	21,868,862.35	6,126,810.78
Total revenues	7,417,196,479.85	4,421,438,424.69	7,418,160,836.67	4,420,781,821.79
Expenses				
Cost of sales and services	7,074,661,559.67	4,313,285,803.00	7,057,086,303.25	4,304,705,537.21
Selling expenses	27,488,636.71	16,272,991.94	47,961,366.69	26,456,207.65
Administrative expenses	33,878,955.40	21,871,877.70	23,766,318.48	20,929,043.90
Managements' remuneration	12,166,000.00	7,204,000.00	12,166,000.00	6,604,000.00
Doubtful debts	22,872,136.28	35,604,082.63	22,872,136.28	35,604,082.63
Total expenses	7,171,067,288.06	4,394,238,755.27	7,163,852,124.70	4,394,298,871.39
Profit before finance costs and income tax	246,129,191.79	27,199,669.42	254,308,711.97	26,482,950.40
Finance costs	(36,773,797.71)	(22,294,985.74)	(36,415,763.59)	(22,186,608.97)
Profit before income tax	209,355,394.08	4,904,683.68	217,892,948.38	4,296,341.43
Income tax	(59,873,089.14)	(80,848.82)	(58,796,544.01)	-
Net profit	149,482,304.94	4,823,834.86	159,096,404.37	4,296,341.43
Net profit attributable to:				
Equity holders of the parent	152,157,268.11	4,818,003.83	159,096,404.37	4,296,341.43
Minority interest of the subsidiaries	(2,674,963.17)	5,831.03	-	-
Net profit	149,482,304.94	4,823,834.86	159,096,404.37	4,296,341.43
Basic earnings per share				
Net income attributable to equity holders of the parent	0.038	0.001	0.040	0.001
Weighted average number of common shares (shares)	4,000,000,000	4,000,000,000	4,000,000,000	4,000,000,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes In Shareholders' Equity

Thai Yuan Public Company Limited and subidiary

for the years ended december 31, 2010 and 2009

		Baht					
				Retained earnings			
	Note	Issued and paid-up share capital	Premium on ordinary shares	Legal reserve	Unappropriated	Minority interest	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2009		400,000,000.00	191,479,600.00	14,720,000.00	290,254,112.51	1,888,492.14	898,342,204.65
Minority interest in investment in subsidiary		-	-	-	-	11,250,000.00	11,250,000.00
Net profit		-	-	-	4,818,003.83	5,831.03	4,823,834.86
Dividends paid	15	-	-	-	(39,998,510.00)	-	(39,998,510.00)
Balance as at December 31, 2009		400,000,000.00	191,479,600.00	14,720,000.00	255,073,606.34	13,144,323.17	874,417,529.51
Balance as at January 1, 2010		400,000,000.00	191,479,600.00	14,720,000.00	255,073,606.34	13,144,323.17	874,417,529.51
Minority interest in investment in subsidiary		-	-	-	-	3,750,000.00	3,750,000.00
Net profit		-	-	-	152,157,268.11	(2,674,963.17)	149,482,304.94
Legal reserve		-	-	8,000,000.00	(8,000,000.00)	-	-
Balance as at December 31, 2010		400,000,000.00	191,479,600.00	22,720,000.00	399,230,874.45	14,219,360.00	1,027,649,834.45

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Separate Statements of Changes In Shareholders' Equity

Thai Yuan Public Company Limited and subidiary
for the years ended december 31, 2010 and 2009

		Baht				
				Retained earnings		
	Note	Issued and paid-up share capital	Premium on ordinary shares	Legal reserve	Unappropriated	Total
Balance as at January 1, 2009		400,000,000.00	191,479,600.00	14,520,000.00	292,136,595.07	898,136,195.07
Net profit		-	-	-	4,296,341.43	4,296,341.43
Dividends paid	15	-	-	-	(39,998,510.00)	(39,998,510.00)
Legal reserve		-	-	200,000.00	(200,000.00)	-
Balance as at December 31, 2009		400,000,000.00	191,479,600.00	14,720,000.00	256,234,426.50	862,434,026.50
Balance as at January 1, 2010		400,000,000.00	191,479,600.00	14,720,000.00	256,234,426.50	862,434,026.50
Net profit		-	-	-	159,096,404.37	159,096,404.37
Legal reserve		-	-	8,000,000.00	(8,000,000.00)	-
Balance as at December 31, 2010		400,000,000.00	191,479,600.00	22,720,000.00	407,330,830.87	1,021,530,430.87

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Thai Yuan Public Company Limited and subidiary

for the years ended december 31, 2010 and 2009

		Baht			
		Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	Note	2010	2009	2010	2009
Cash flows from operating activities					
Profit before income tax		209,355,394.08	4,904,683.68	217,892,948.38	4,296,341.43
Adjustments to reconcile profit to net cash					
used in operating activities					
Depreciation		37,989,586.69	8,823,738.38	28,632,268.49	7,375,656.91
Reversal of loss on diminution of inventories		(30,784,616.56)	(53,891,525.59)	(30,784,616.56)	(53,891,525.59)
Amortization of computer software		42,420.25	44,446.90	38,264.75	44,446.90
(Gain) loss on disposal of equipment		319,268.48	(79,314.42)	46,060.80	(31,468.96)
Doubtful debts		22,872,136.28	35,604,082.63	22,872,136.28	35,604,082.63
Interest expenses		36,773,797.71	22,294,985.74	36,415,763.59	22,186,608.97
Profit from operating activities before					
changes in operating assets and liabilities		276,567,986.93	17,701,097.32	275,112,825.73	15,584,142.29
Decrease (increase) in operating assets					
Trade accounts receivable - related companies		(54,829,267.09)	78,592,881.03	(54,705,520.84)	78,566,881.03
- other companies	6	(184,524,306.64)	(146,603,587.78)	(184,294,046.86)	(146,491,206.06)
Inventories		(235,065,108.90)	51,780,845.97	(235,065,108.90)	51,780,845.97
Advance payment for purchase of goods		(163,123,820.27)	(129,497,175.50)	(163,123,820.27)	(129,497,175.50)
Receivable - Revenue department		(22,375,441.40)	(21,929,394.25)	(12,757,744.10)	(21,929,394.25)
Other current assets	6	1,365,295.52	(3,226,998.78)	(795,500.58)	(816,237.26)
Deposits		(1,100,000.00)	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities					
Trade accounts payable - Related companies		(5,572,669.14)	2,021,117.57	(5,572,669.14)	2,021,117.57
- Other companies		30,321,393.59	(61,031,948.21)	30,300,796.37	(61,138,405.31)
Advance received from sales of goods - Other companies		570,245.43	(300,235.73)	570,245.43	(300,235.73)
Accrued expenses		13,870,087.89	(5,069,109.87)	13,031,513.13	(5,219,543.12)
Other current liabilities		6,262,146.27	(7,768,540.47)	5,677,505.84	(9,190,411.07)
Cash paid operating activities		(337,633,457.81)	(225,331,048.70)	(331,621,524.19)	(226,629,621.44)
Paid for interest expenses		(34,688,060.06)	(21,234,774.70)	(35,193,779.38)	(21,126,397.93)
Paid for income tax		(46,398,767.61)	(367,738.23)	(45,618,038.56)	(230,499.66)
Net cash used in operating activities		(418,720,285.48)	(246,933,561.63)	(412,433,342.13)	(247,986,519.03)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Thai Yuan Public Company Limited and subidiary
for the years ended december 31, 2010 and 2009

	Note	Baht			
		Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
		2010	2009	2010	2009
Cash flows from investing activities					
Cash paid for acquisition of investments in subsidiaries		-	-	(8,750,000.00)	(26,250,000.00)
Increase in short-term loans to and accrued interest incomes					
- related companies		-	-	(129,442,068.50)	(8,000,000.00)
Proceeds from disposal of equipment		505,683.18	211,471.96	15,683.18	31,471.96
Cash paid for purchase of plant and equipment	6	(170,767,386.09)	(163,941,988.14)	(36,107,931.44)	(118,406,034.84)
Cash paid for computer program		(71,000.00)	-	(3,000.00)	-
Cash paid for purchase of assets not used in operations	6	-	(1,400,000.00)	-	(1,400,000.00)
Net cash used in investing activities		(170,332,702.91)	(165,130,516.18)	(174,287,316.76)	(154,024,562.88)
Cash flows from financing activities					
Increase in bank overdrafts and short-term loans					
from financial institutions		609,780,210.05	409,205,688.95	609,780,210.05	409,205,688.95
Cash paid for liabilities under hire-purchase agreements		(1,082,565.88)	(916,477.82)	-	-
Cash paid for dividends		-	(39,998,510.00)	-	(39,998,510.00)
Proceeds from minority interest in investments in subsidiaries		3,750,000.00	11,250,000.00	-	-
Net cash provided by financing activities		612,447,644.17	379,540,701.13	609,780,210.05	369,207,178.95
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		23,394,655.78	(32,523,376.68)	23,059,551.16	(32,803,902.96)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the years		24,861,537.28	57,384,913.96	21,900,755.36	54,704,658.32
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the years		48,256,193.06	24,861,537.28	44,960,306.52	21,900,755.36

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited is listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand on August 9, 2007 The principal business operations of the Company are selling and transforming hot rolled coils and sheets and structural steels.

The office is located at 7/4, 7/6 Moo 1 Soi Bangborn 5, Eagachai Rd., Carerai District, Kratumban, Samutsakorn.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai Generally Accepted Accounting Principles under the Accounting Act B.E. 2543, being those Thai Accounting Standards issued under the Accounting Profession Act B.E. 2547, and the financial reporting requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities and Exchange Act B.E. 2535.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Thai Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amounts of revenues and expenses in the reported periods. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from those estimates.

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited and subsidiaries.

"The Company" represents "Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited," while "The Group" represents Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited and subsidiaries are as follows :

Companies	Country of registration	Percentage of holding 2010	Percentage of holding 2009	Type of business
Subsidiaries				
Thainguan Logistic Company Limited	Thailand	80	80	Logistic service
T.Y.K.industrail Company Limited	Thailand	70	70	Manufacturing and distributing steel pipe

The consolidated and separate financial statements have prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

An English version of the consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared from the financial statements that are in the Thai language. In the event of a conflict or a difference in interpretation between the two languages, the Thai language financial statements shall prevail.

3. ADOPTION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

During the current period, the Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number or revised and new accounting standards as listed below.

a) Accounting standards that will become effective in fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011 (except Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements, which is immediately effective):

Accounting Framework (revised 2009)	
TAS 1 (revised 2009)	Presentation of Financial Statements
TAS 2 (revised 2009)	Inventories
TAS 7 (revised 2009)	Cash Flow Statements
TAS 8 (revised 2009)	Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
TAS 10 (revised 2009)	Events after the Reporting Period
TAS 11 (revised 2009)	Construction Contracts
TAS 16 (revised 2009)	Property, Plant and Equipment
TAS 17 (revised 2009)	Leases
TAS 18 (revised 2009)	Revenue
TAS 19	Employee Benefits
TAS 21 (revised 2009)	The Effets of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rate
TAS 23 (revised 2009)	Borrowing Costs
TAS 24 (revised 2009)	Related Party Disclosures
TAS 26	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Benefit Plans
TAS 27 (revised 2009)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements
TAS 28 (revised 2009)	Investments in Associates
TAS 29	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies
TAS 31 (revised 2009)	Interests in Joint Ventures
TAS 33 (revised 2009)	Earnings per Share
TAS 34 (revised 2009)	Interim Financial Reporting
TAS 36 (revised 2009)	Impairment of Assets
TAS 37 (revised 2009)	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
TAS 38 (revised 2009)	Intangible Assets
TAS 40 (revised 2009)	Investment Property
TFRS 2	Share – Based Payments
TFRS 3 (revised 2009)	Business Combinations
TFRS 5 (revised 2009)	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations
TFRS 6	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources

b) Accounting standards that will become effective in fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2013:

TAS 12	Income tax
TAS 20 (revised 2009)	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance

The Group's management determined that these accounting standards and financial reporting standards will not have any significant impact on the financial statements for the year when they are initially applied, except

TAS 12	Income Taxes
TAS 16 (revised 2009)	Property, Plant and Equipment
TAS 19	Employee Benefits

The Group's management has yet to complete its evaluation of the impact of such accounting standards in the year when they are adopted.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principle accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the consolidated and separate financial statements are as follows:

4.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand, cash at banks, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and not subject to withdrawal restrictions.

4.2 Trade accounts receivable

Trade accounts receivable are carried at original invoice amount less allowance for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the year end. The amount of the allowance is the difference between the carrying amount of the receivable and the amount expected to be collectible. Bad debts are written off during the year in which they are identified.

4.3 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined by the weighted average method. The cost of purchase comprises both the purchase price and costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the inventory, such as import duties and transportation charges, less all attributable discounts, allowances or rebates. The cost of finished goods comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating activities. Net realisable value is the estimate of the selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses.

4.4 Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries, which are those entities in which the Company has power to govern the financial and operating policies, are consolidated. Subsidiary is consolidated from the date on which controls is transferred to the Company and are no longer consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Investments in subsidiaries is reported by using the cost method of accounting in the separate financial statements.

A test for impairment is carried out when there is a factor indicating that an investment might be impaired. If the carrying value of the investment is higher than its recoverable amount, impairment loss is charged to the statement of income.

4.5 Assets not used in operations

Assets not used in operations included land and building are initially recorded at cost. Building is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of building is calculated on the straight line method to write off the cost of each asset (20 years), except for land which is considered to have an indefinite life.

4.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Building and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight line method to write off the cost, except for land which is considered to have an indefinite life, to its residual value over the estimated useful life as follows:

Buildings and structures	20 years
Machineries and equipment	5 - 10 years
Fixtures and office equipment	5 years
Motor vehicles	5 years

When assets are sold or retired, the Company will eliminated their costs and accumulated depreciation from the accounts and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in the statements of income.

Where the carrying amount of an asset is greater than its estimated recoverable amount, it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount. Estimated recoverable amount is the higher of the anticipated discounted cash flows from the continuing use of the asset and the amount obtainable from the sale of the asset less any costs of disposal.

Repairs and maintenance are charged to the income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred. The cost of major renovations is included in the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing asset will flow to the Company. Major renovations are depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related asset.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount and are included in operating profit.

Construction in progress are stated at cost. These assets are not depreciated until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for their intended operational use.

4.7 Computer software and amortization

Computer software is stated at cost less accumulated amortization and amortized using the straight line method over its useful live (5 years).

4.8 Impairment of assets

Property, plant and equipment, assets not used in operations, computer software and other non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment losses whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount which is the higher of an asset's net selling price and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there is separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

4.9 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the invoiced value for the sale of goods and services excluding output tax, rebates and discounts. Revenue from sales of goods is recognized when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods are transferred to the buyer.

Service income is recognized when performance of service.

Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis.

4.10 Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Thai Baht using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated to Thai Baht at the exchange rate prevailing at the balance sheet date. Gains and losses resulting from the settlement of foreign currency transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies, are recognized in the statement of income.

4.11 Financial instruments

Financial assets carried on the balance sheet include cash and cash equivalents and trade accounts receivable. Financial liabilities carried on the balance sheet include bank overdraft and short-term loans from financial institutions, trade accounts payable and payable from acquisition of assets. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

4.12 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

4.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where the Group expects a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain

4.14 BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders by the weighted average number of ordinary shares during the years.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENT AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles at times requires management to make subjective judgments and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgments and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures and actual results could differ. Significant judgments and estimates are as follows

5.1 Allowance for doubtful accounts

In determining and allowance for doubtful accounts, the management needs to make judgment and estimates based upon, among other things, past collection history, aging profile of outstanding debts and the prevailing economic condition.

5.2 Allowance for diminution of inventories

The Company maintains an allowance for diminution of inventories to reflect impairment of inventories. The allowance is based on consideration of market price of each category.

5.3 Property plant and equipment/Depreciation

In determining depreciation of plant and equipment, the management is required to make estimates of the useful lives and salvage values of the Group's plant and equipment and to review estimate useful lives and salvage values when there are any changes.

In addition, the management is required to review property, plant and equipment for impairment on a periodical basis and record impairment losses in the period when it is determined that their recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. This requires judgments regarding forecast of future revenues and expenses relating to the assets subject to the review.

6. SUPPLEMENT DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION

Supplement disclosure of cash flows information for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 are as follows ;

	Baht			
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Trade accounts receivable - other company increase in balance sheets (before reconciling with non-cash item)	(184,524,306.64)	(145,610,929.78)	(184,294,046.64)	(145,498,548.06)
Adjust Trade accounts receivable transferred assets not used in operations to settle on debts	-	(992,658.00)	-	(992,658.00)
Trade accounts receivable - other company increase in statements of cash flows	(184,524,306.64)	(146,603,587.78)	(184,294,046.64)	(146,491,206.06)
Other current assets (increase) decrease per balance sheets (after reconciling with cash paid for withholding tax)	1,365,295.52	(3,219,656.78)	(795,500.58)	(808,895.26)
Adjust Advance payment for purchase of assets not used in operations	-	(7,342.00)	-	(7,342.00)
Other current assets (increase) decrease in statements of cash flows	1,365,295.52	(3,226,998.78)	(795,500.58)	(816,237.26)
Purchase of fixed assets	(174,100,698.52)	(164,022,119.10)	(30,339,056.12)	(114,462,165.80)
Adjust Increase in liabilities under hire-purchase agreements	6,800,000.00	4,024,000.00	-	-
Decrease in payable from acquisition of plant and equipment	(3,466,687.57)	(3,943,869.04)	(5,768,875.32)	(3,943,869.04)
Cash paid for purchase of plant and equipment	(170,767,386.09)	(163,941,988.14)	(36,107,931.44)	(118,406,034.84)
Acquisition of assets not used in operations during the years	-	(2,400,000.00)	-	(2,400,000.00)
Adjust Trade accounts receivable transferred assets not used in operations to settle on debts	-	992,658.00	-	992,658.00
Advance payment for purchase of assets not used in operations	-	7,342.00	-	7,342.00
Cash paid for purchase of assets not used in operations	-	(1,400,000.00)	-	(1,400,000.00)

7. TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE - NET

Baht

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Related companies				
Trade accounts receivable	75,562,794.46	35,062,315.75	75,439,048.21	35,062,315.75
Post dated cheques received	22,563,852.63	8,235,064.25	22,563,852.63	8,235,064.25
Total trade accounts receivable-related companies	98,126,647.09	43,297,380.00	98,002,900.84	43,297,380.00
Other companies				
Trade accounts receivable	634,643,955.56	328,075,669.15	634,301,314.06	327,963,287.43
Post dated cheques received	275,627,206.96	397,671,186.73	275,627,206.96	397,671,186.73
Total other companies	910,271,162.52	725,746,855.88	909,928,521.02	725,634,474.16
Less :Allowance for doubtful accounts	(71,389,620.72)	(48,517,484.44)	(71,389,620.72)	(48,517,484.44)
Trade accounts receivable-other companies, net	838,881,541.80	677,229,371.44	838,538,900.30	677,116,989.72

Outstanding trade accounts receivable as at December 31, 2010 and 2009 can be analyzed as follows ;

Baht

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Related companies				
In due	38,262,095.11	16,464,834.07	38,138,348.86	16,464,834.07
Over due up to 3 months	59,864,551.98	26,010,546.85	59,864,551.98	26,010,546.85
Over due 3 - 6 months	-	387,494.34	-	387,494.34
Over due 6 - 12 months	-	434,504.74	-	434,504.74
Total	98,126,647.09	43,297,380.00	98,002,900.84	43,297,380.00
Other companies				
In due	615,958,941.65	468,094,475.47	615,838,068.55	467,982,093.75
Over due up to 3 months	192,746,688.57	180,409,478.74	192,524,920.17	180,409,478.74
Over due 3 - 6 months	17,743,973.03	8,946,237.36	17,743,973.03	8,946,237.36
Over due 6 - 12 months	17,001,302.02	43,529,177.41	17,001,302.02	43,529,177.41
Over due over 12 months	66,820,257.25	24,767,486.90	66,820,257.25	24,767,486.90
Total	910,271,162.52	725,746,855.88	909,928,521.02	725,634,474.16
Less : Allowance for doubtful accounts	(71,389,620.72)	(48,517,484.44)	(71,389,620.72)	(48,517,484.44)
Net	838,881,541.80	677,229,371.44	838,538,900.30	677,116,989.72

8. INVENTORIES - NET

	Baht	
	Consolidated and separate financial statements	
	2010	2009
Finished goods	839,530,496.78	604,465,387.88
Less : Allowance for diminution of inventories	-	(30,784,616.56)
Net	839,530,496.78	573,680,771.32

9. ADVANCE PAYMENT FOR PURCHASE OF GOODS - NET

	Baht	
	Consolidated and separate financial statements	
	2010	2009
Advance payment for purchase of goods	374,826,362.32	212,155,425.44
Less : Allowance for diminution of advance payment for purchase of goods	-	(452,883.39)
Net	374,826,362.32	211,702,542.05

10. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Separate financial statements

	Paid-Up Capital (Baht)		Proportion of Share Holding (%)		Baht At Cost	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009
Thainguan Logistic Co., Ltd. (logistic service)	10,000,000.00	10,000,000.00	80	80	8,000,000.00	8,000,000.00
T.Y.K.Industry Co., Ltd (manufacturing and distributing pipe)	50,000,000.00	37,500,000.00	70	70	35,000,000.00	26,250,000.00
					43,000,000.00	34,250,000.00

11. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - NET

	Consolidated financial statements (Baht)						
	Land	Buildings and structure	Machineries and equipment	Fixtures and Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
As at December 31, 2008							
Cost	70,816,000.00	61,218,636.68	31,849,428.92	7,787,972.39	8,977,434.97	88,292,643.32	268,942,116.28
Less : Accumulated Depreciation	-	(27,489,862.26)	(27,036,488.91)	(5,082,388.44)	(2,359,954.20)	-	(61,968,693.81)
Net book value	70,816,000.00	33,728,774.42	4,812,940.01	2,705,583.95	6,617,480.77	88,292,643.32	206,973,422.47
Transactions during the year ended December 31, 2009							
Opening net book value	70,816,000.00	33,728,774.42	4,812,940.01	2,705,583.95	6,617,480.77	88,292,643.32	206,973,422.47
Add : Additions	28,361,000.00	-	291,255.08	244,742.27	13,337,300.00	121,787,821.75	164,022,119.10
Transfer in (out)	-	62,717,911.61	69,810,748.20	-	-	(132,528,659.81)	-
Less : Disposal	-	-	-	-	(132,157.54)	-	(132,157.54)
Depreciation	-	(3,358,298.28)	(2,125,835.36)	(1,016,157.78)	(1,897,664.22)	-	(8,397,955.64)
Ending net book value	99,177,000.00	93,088,387.75	72,789,107.93	1,934,168.44	17,924,959.01	77,551,805.26	362,465,428.39
As at December 31, 2009							
Cost	99,177,000.00	123,936,548.29	101,951,432.20	8,032,714.66	22,270,587.88	77,551,805.26	432,920,088.29
Less Accumulated depreciation	-	(30,848,160.54)	(29,162,324.27)	(6,098,546.22)	(4,345,628.87)	-	(70,454,659.90)
Net book value	99,177,000.00	93,088,387.75	72,789,107.93	1,934,168.44	17,924,959.01	77,551,805.26	362,465,428.39

	Consolidated financial statements (Baht)						
	Land	Buildings and structure	Machineries and equipment	Fixtures and Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
As at December 31, 2009							
Cost	99,177,000.00	123,936,548.29	101,951,432.20	8,032,714.66	22,270,587.88	77,551,805.26	432,920,088.29
Less : Accumulated Depreciation	-	(30,848,160.54)	(29,162,324.27)	(6,098,546.22)	(4,345,628.87)	-	(70,454,659.90)
Net book value	99,177,000.00	93,088,387.75	72,789,107.93	1,934,168.44	17,924,959.01	77,551,805.26	362,465,428.39
Transactions during the year ended December 31, 2010							
Opening net book value	99,177,000.00	93,088,387.75	72,789,107.93	1,934,168.44	17,924,959.01	77,551,805.26	362,465,428.39
Add : Additions	-	63,829,002.43	69,577,368.78	1,490,283.61	14,469,985.78	24,734,057.92	174,100,698.52
Transfer in (out)	-	91,263,305.53	8,705,849.97	100,000.00	-	(100,069,155.50)	-
Less : Disposal	-	-	-	(61,743.98)	(763,207.68)	-	(824,951.66)
Depreciation	-	(12,364,093.22)	(19,344,643.03)	(1,011,861.03)	(4,882,925.63)	-	(37,603,522.91)
Ending net book value	99,177,000.00	235,816,602.49	131,727,683.65	2,450,847.04	26,748,811.48	2,216,707.68	498,137,652.34
As at December 31, 2010							
Cost	99,177,000.00	279,028,856.25	180,234,650.95	9,134,154.29	36,280,168.34	2,216,707.68	606,071,537.51
Less Accumulated depreciation	-	(43,212,253.76)	(48,506,967.30)	(6,683,307.25)	(9,531,356.86)	-	(107,933,885.17)
Net book value	99,177,000.00	235,816,602.49	131,727,683.65	2,450,847.04	26,748,811.48	2,216,707.68	498,137,652.34

	Separate financial statements (Baht)						
	Land	Buildings and structure	Machineries and equipment	Fixtures and Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
As at December 31, 2008							
Cost	70,816,000.00	61,218,636.68	31,849,428.92	7,755,412.39	3,225,511.41	88,292,643.32	263,157,632.72
Less : Accumulated Depreciation	-	(27,489,862.26)	(27,036,488.91)	(5,076,357.45)	(1,692,425.96)	-	(61,295,134.58)
Net book value	70,816,000.00	33,728,774.42	4,812,940.01	2,679,054.94	1,533,085.45	88,292,643.32	201,862,498.14
Transactions during the year ended December 31, 2009							
Opening net book value	70,816,000.00	33,728,774.42	4,812,940.01	2,679,054.94	1,533,085.45	88,292,643.32	201,862,498.14
Add : Additions	-	-	291,255.08	215,113.97	-	113,955,796.75	114,462,165.80
Transfer in (out)	-	62,717,911.61	69,810,748.20	-	-	(132,528,659.81)	-
Less : Disposal	-	-	-	-	(3.00)	-	(3.00)
Depreciation	-	(3,358,298.28)	(2,125,835.36)	(1,004,144.59)	(461,595.94)	-	(6,949,874.17)
Ending net book value	70,816,000.00	93,088,387.75	72,789,107.93	1,890,024.32	1,071,486.51	69,719,780.26	309,374,786.77
As at December 31, 2009							
Cost	70,816,000.00	123,936,548.29	101,951,432.20	7,970,526.36	3,103,803.74	69,719,780.26	377,498,090.85
Less Accumulated depreciation	-	(30,848,160.54)	(29,162,324.27)	(6,080,502.04)	(2,032,317.23)	-	(68,123,304.08)
Net book value	70,816,000.00	93,088,387.75	72,789,107.93	1,890,024.32	1,071,486.51	69,719,780.26	309,374,786.77

	Separate financial statements (Baht)						
	Land	Buildings and structure	Machineries and equipment	Fixtures and Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Construction in progress	Total
As at December 31, 2009							
Cost	70,816,000.00	123,936,548.29	101,951,432.20	7,970,526.36	3,103,803.74	69,719,780.26	377,498,090.85
Less : Accumulated Depreciation	-	(30,848,160.54)	(29,162,324.27)	(6,080,502.04)	(2,032,317.23)	-	(68,123,304.08)
Net book value	70,816,000.00	93,088,387.75	72,789,107.93	1,890,024.32	1,071,486.51	69,719,780.26	309,374,786.77
Transactions during the year ended December 31, 2010							
Opening net book value	70,816,000.00	93,088,387.75	72,789,107.93	1,890,024.32	1,071,486.51	69,719,780.26	309,374,786.77
Add : Additions	-	-	2,025,978.32	791,827.38	2,990,000.00	24,531,250.42	30,339,056.12
Transfer in (out)	-	83,431,280.53	8,705,849.97	100,000.00	-	(92,237,130.50)	-
Less : Disposal	-	-	-	(61,743.98)	-	-	(61,743.98)
Depreciation	-	(11,168,545.33)	(15,581,504.39)	(956,979.70)	(539,175.29)	-	(28,246,204.71)
Ending net book value	70,816,000.00	165,351,122.95	67,939,431.83	1,763,128.02	3,522,311.22	2,013,900.18	311,405,894.20
As at December 31, 2010							
Cost	70,816,000.00	207,367,828.82	112,683,260.49	8,276,487.38	6,093,803.74	2,013,900.18	407,251,280.61
Less Accumulated depreciation	-	(42,016,705.87)	(44,743,828.66)	(6,513,359.36)	(2,571,492.52)	-	(95,845,386.41)
Net book value	70,816,000.00	165,351,122.95	67,939,431.83	1,763,128.02	3,522,311.22	2,013,900.18	311,405,894.20

The Company entered into the memorandums with regard to the changes of collateral with the financial institutions and bank overdrafts to release the collateral being land, building and machineries thereon of the Company. By doing that, the Company provided the Negative Pledge to the financial institutions instead. Therefore, property, plant and equipment of the Company have no any obligations as collateral as at December 31, 2010.

As at December 31, 2010, the Company has gross carrying amounts that are fully depreciated. These are still in active use amounting of approximately Baht 30.49 million (December 31, 2009 : Baht 28.89 million).

12. ASSETS NOT USED IN OPERATIONS - NET

Asset not used in operation comprising land and building repossessed from trade accounts receivables

	Baht		
	Consolidated and separate financial statements		
	Land	Building	Total
As at December 31, 2008			
Cost	7,639,350.00	5,500,000.00	13,139,350.00
Less : Accumulated depreciation	-	-	-
Net book value	7,639,350.00	5,500,000.00	13,139,350.00
For the year ended December 31, 2009			
Opening net book value	7,639,350.00	5,500,000.00	13,139,350.00
Add : Additions	173,600.00	2,226,400.00	2,400,000.00
Less: Depreciation	-	(425,782.74)	(425,782.74)
Ending net book value	7,812,950.00	7,300,617.26	15,113,567.26
For the year ended December 31, 2009			
Cost	7,812,950.00	7,726,400.00	15,539,350.00
Less: Accumulated depreciation	-	(425,782.74)	(425,782.74)
Ending net book value	7,812,950.00	7,300,617.26	15,113,567.26

	Baht		
	Consolidated and separate financial statements		
	Land	Building	Total
As at December 31, 2009			
Cost	7,812,950.00	7,726,400.00	15,539,350.00
Less : Accumulated depreciation	-	(425,782.74)	(425,782.74)
Net book value	7,812,950.00	7,300,617.26	15,113,567.26
For the year ended December 31, 2010			
Opening net book value	7,812,950.00	7,300,617.26	15,113,567.26
Less: Depreciation	-	(386,063.78)	(386,063.78)
Ending net book value	7,812,950.00	6,914,553.48	14,727,503.48
For the year ended December 31, 2010			
Cost	7,812,950.00	7,726,400.00	15,539,350.00
Less: Accumulated depreciation	-	(811,846.52)	(811,846.52)
Ending net book value	7,812,950.00	6,914,553.48	14,727,503.48

13. COMPUTER SOFTWARE - NET

	Baht	
	Consolidated financial statements	Separate financial statements
As at December 31, 2008		
Cost	1,075,940.00	1,075,940.00
Less : Accumulated amortization	(504,383.94)	(504,383.94)
Net book value	571,556.06	571,556.06
For the year ended December 31, 2009		
Opening net book value	571,556.06	571,556.06
Less: Amortization	(44,446.90)	(44,446.90)
Ending net book value	527,109.16	527,109.16
For the year ended December 31, 2009		
Cost	1,075,940.00	1,075,940.00
Less: Accumulated amortization	(548,830.84)	(548,830.84)
Ending net book value	527,109.16	527,109.16

	Baht	
	Consolidated financial statements	Separate financial statements
As at December 31, 2009		
Cost	1,075,940.00	1,075,940.00
Less : Accumulated amortization	(548,830.84)	(548,830.84)
Net book value	527,109.16	527,109.16
For the year ended December 31, 20010		
Opening net book value	527,109.16	527,109.16
Add : Additions	71,000.00	3,000.00
Less: Amortization	(42,420.25)	(38,264.75)
Ending net book value	555,688.91	491,844.41
For the year ended December 31, 2010		
Cost	1,146,940.00	1,078,940.00
Less: Accumulated amortization	(591,251.09)	(587,095.59)
Ending net book value	555,688.91	491,844.41

14. BANK OVERDRAFTS AND SHORT-TERM LOANS FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	Interest rate of (per annum)		Baht Consolidated and separate financial statements	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Bank overdrafts	-	6.13 - 6.75	-	219,789.95
Promissory notes	2.00 - 2.50	2.00 - 3.20	1,660,000,000.00	1,050,000,000.00
Total			1,660,000,000.00	1,050,219,789.95

As at December 31, 2010 and 2009 the Company has bank overdrafts from several financial institutions amounting to Baht 105.00 million and Baht 95.00 million respectively bear interest at the rates ranging from MOR per annum. The Company has short-term loans from several financial institutions amounting to Baht 3,723.46 million and Baht 31, 320.46 million, respectively.

The bank overdrafts and short-term loans from financial institutions are unsecured loans, only the Negative pledge is provided.

15. DIVIDENDS PAID

At the extraordinary shareholders' meeting held on April 3, 2009, the shareholders approved to pay dividends amounted Baht 40.00 million at Baht 0.01 per share a total of 4,000 million shares from operations in the year 2008 and the Company has already paid such dividends on April 30, 2009.

16. LEGAL RESERVE

Under the provisions of the Thai Public Company Limited Act B.E. 2535, the Company is required to appropriate at least 5% of its annual net income after deduction of the deficit brought forward (if any) as reserve fund until the reserve equal to 10% of authorized share capital. The reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

17. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, acquire own shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

18. EXPENSES BY NATURE

Expense by nature for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 are as follows ;

	Baht			
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Changes in finished goods	(331,205,108.38)	(74,536,474.55)	(331,205,108.38)	(74,536,474.55)
Purchase of finished goods	7,327,795,043.11	4,357,134,342.83	7,327,795,043.11	4,357,134,342.83
Depreciation and amortization	38,032,006.94	8,868,185.28	28,670,533.24	7,420,103.81
Staff costs	50,905,323.33	31,944,602.61	42,145,578.03	29,501,183.81
Transportation and distribution expenses	7,680,887.15	12,176,606.13	28,153,617.13	18,593,400.04
Utilities expenses	15,370,811.01	3,461,217.43	3,588,880.46	3,438,643.43
Repairs and maintenance expenditure	12,827,101.55	4,871,474.62	9,154,169.67	3,314,001.13
Commission and sales promotion	10,403,619.44	4,003,787.95	10,387,999.44	3,981,709.95
Reversal of loss on diminution of inventories	(30,784,616.56)	(53,891,525.59)	(30,784,616.56)	(53,891,525.59)
Doubtful debts	22,872,136.28	35,604,082.63	22,872,136.28	35,604,082.63

19. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is engaged in the business of manufacturing and distributing many types of coils and of logistic service. The Group operates in one geographical area in Thailand. The segment information can be classified into 2 segments as follows ;

A: Transactions relating to sales of coils
B: Transactions relating to logistic service

Revenues and expenses classified by segment for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009. Assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2010, and 2009 are as follows ;

	For the year ended December 31, 2010 (Baht)				
	A	B	Total	Eliminated	Total
Sales	7,369,644,725.56	-	7,369,644,725.56	(3,987,496.35)	7,365,657,229.21
Service income	-	25,003,887.81	25,003,887.81	(22,859,045.41)	2,144,842.40
Total revenues	7,369,644,725.56	25,003,887.81	7,394,648,613.37	(26,846,541.76)	7,367,802,071.61
Cost of sales and services	(7,064,049,547.22)	(16,982,624.23)	(7,081,032,171.45)	6,370,611.78	(7,074,661,559.67)
Gross profit	305,595,178.34	8,021,263.58	313,616,441.92	(20,475,929.98)	293,140,511.94
Reversal of loss on diminution of inventories	30,784,616.56	-	30,784,616.56	-	30,784,616.56
Other income	21,881,114.52	108,719.64	21,989,834.16	(3,380,042.48)	18,609,791.68
Selling expenses	(47,961,366.69)	-	(47,961,366.69)	20,472,729.98	(27,488,636.71)
Administrative expenses	(30,153,219.93)	(4,091,737.83)	(34,244,957.76)	366,002.36	(33,878,955.40)
Managements' remuneration	(12,166,000.00)	-	(12,166,000.00)	-	(12,166,000.00)
Doubtful debts	(22,872,136.28)	-	(22,872,136.28)	-	(22,872,136.28)
Finance costs	(37,723,121.12)	(574,691.67)	(38,297,812.79)	1,524,015.08	(36,773,797.71)
Income tax	(58,796,544.01)	(1,076,545.13)	(59,873,089.14)	-	(59,873,089.14)
Net profit	148,588,521.39	2,387,008.59	150,975,529.98	(1,493,225.04)	149,482,304.94

Other information;

	As at December 31, 2010 (Baht)				
	A	B	Total	Eliminated	Total
Property, plant and equipment - net	477,101,689.72	23,462,836.44	500,564,526.16	(2,426,873.82)	498,137,652.34
Other assets	2,484,997,909.20	3,861,981.80	2,488,859,891.00	(181,955,556.54)	2,306,904,334.46
Total assets	2,962,099,598.92	27,324,818.24	2,989,424,417.16	(184,382,430.36)	2,805,041,986.80
Liabilities	1,901,468,122.83	14,879,586.06	1,916,347,708.89	(138,955,556.54)	1,777,392,152.35

	For the year ended December 31, 2009 (Baht)				
	A	B	Total	Eliminated	Total
Sales	4,328,073,836.28	-	4,328,073,836.28	-	4,328,073,836.28
Service income	-	11,425,833.19	11,425,833.19	(10,774,689.13)	651,144.06
Total revenues	4,328,073,836.28	11,425,833.19	4,339,499,669.47	(10,774,689.13)	4,328,724,980.34
Cost of sales and services	(4,304,705,537.21)	(8,883,068.15)	(4,313,588,605.36)	302,802.36	(4,313,285,803.00)
Gross profit	23,368,299.07	2,542,765.04	25,911,064.11	(10,471,886.77)	15,439,177.34
Compensation for guarantee selling price of inventory from supplier	32,689,649.14	-	32,689,649.14	-	32,689,649.14
Reversal of loss on diminution of inventories	53,891,525.59	-	53,891,525.59	-	53,891,525.59
Other income	6,127,035.98	65,233.64	6,192,269.62	(60,000.00)	6,132,269.62
Selling expenses	(26,456,207.65)	(591,473.42)	(27,047,681.07)	10,774,689.13	(16,272,991.94)
Administrative expenses	(21,320,340.90)	(611,536.80)	(21,931,877.70)	60,000.00	(21,871,877.70)
Managements' remuneration	(6,604,000.00)	(600,000.00)	(7,204,000.00)	-	(7,204,000.00)
Doubtful debts	(35,604,082.63)	-	(35,604,082.63)	-	(35,604,082.63)
Finance costs	(22,186,608.97)	(108,376.77)	(22,294,985.74)	-	(22,294,985.74)
Income tax	-	(80,848.82)	(80,848.82)	-	(80,848.82)
Net profit	3,905,269.63	615,762.87	4,521,032.50	302,802.36	4,823,834.86

Other information;

	As at December 31, 2009 (Baht)				
	A	B	Total	Eliminated	Total
Property, plant and equipment - net	345,567,811.77	17,831,265.40	363,399,077.17	(933,648.78)	362,465,428.39
Other assets	1,655,154,099.88	3,612,685.08	1,658,766,784.96	(42,695,250.97)	1,616,071,533.99
Total assets	2,000,721,911.65	21,443,950.48	2,022,165,862.13	(43,628,899.75)	1,978,536,962.38
Liabilities	1,101,178,956.95	11,385,726.89	1,112,564,683.84	(8,445,250.97)	1,104,119,432.87

20. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

20.1 Relationship

	Relationship
Thainguan Logistic Co., Ltd.	80% shareholding
T.Y.K. Industry Co., Ltd.	70% shareholding
Thainguan Ethanol PCL.	Cross shareholding
Taiping Ethanol Co., Ltd.	Cross shareholding
Kim Yuan Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Cross shareholding
Bearings Corporation Co., Ltd.	Cross shareholding
Kim Heng Loha Co., Ltd.	Close relative of directors
Kim Chua Steel Co., Ltd.	Close relative of directors
Kim Seng Steel Co., Ltd.	Close relative of directors
Kim Chai Steel Co., Ltd.	Close relative of directors
Kim Hong Metal Co., Ltd.	Close relative of directors
V. P. Steel & Wire Mesh Co., Ltd.	Close relative of directors
Numthai Steel Co., Ltd.	Close relative of directors
Metal Inter Co., Ltd.	Close relative of directors
Mahachai Steel Center Co., Ltd.	Close relative of directors
Mahachai Steel Inter Co., Ltd.	Close relative of directors

The pricing policies between the company and related companies are as follows ;

	Pricing Policy
Sales of goods	At normal business prices as same as other entities.
Interest income	At the interest rate 3 - 5% per annum.
Purchase of raw materials and goods	At normal business prices as same as other entities.
Transportation expense	At normal business prices as same as other entities.

20.2 Balances of transactions between the Company and related companies

Balances of transactions with related companies as at December 31, 2010 and 2009 are as follows ;

Baht

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Trade accounts receivable				
Thainguan Ethanol PCL.	468,727.95	1,323,559.73	468,727.95	1,323,559.73
Taiping Ethanol Co., Ltd.	224,440.63	1,388,509.36	224,440.63	1,388,509.36
Kim Yuan Enterprise Co., Ltd.	7,465.18	38,431.19	7,465.18	38,431.19
Kim Heng Loha Co., Ltd.	71,021,579.84	31,693,353.02	71,021,579.84	31,693,353.02
Kim Chai Steel Co., Ltd.	124,948.13	-	124,948.13	-
V. P. Steel & Wire Mesh Co., Ltd.	2,640,885.46	618,462.45	2,640,885.46	618,462.45
Numthai Steel Co., Ltd.	1,074,747.27	-	951,001.02	-
Total	75,562,794.46	35,062,315.75	75,439,048.21	35,062,315.75
Post dated cheques receivable				
Kim Heng Loha Co., Ltd.	22,563,852.63	7,968,762.02	22,563,852.63	7,968,762.02
V. P. Steel & Wire Mesh Co., Ltd.	-	266,302.23	-	266,302.23
Total	22,563,852.63	8,235,064.25	22,563,852.63	8,235,064.25
Total trade accounts receivable and post dated cheques receivable	98,126,647.09	43,297,380.00	98,002,900.84	43,297,380.00

	Baht			
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Loans to and accrued interest income				
Loans to				
Thainguan Logistic Co., Ltd.	-	-	5,000,000.00	8,000,000.00
T.Y.K. Industry Co., Ltd.	-	-	132,000,000.00	-
Total	-	-	137,000,000.00	8,000,000.00
Accrued interest income				
Thainguan Logistic Co., Ltd.	-	-	12,739.73	-
T.Y.K. Industry Co., Ltd.	-	-	429,328.77	-
Total	-	-	442,068.50	-
Total loans to and accrued interest income	-	-	137,442,068.50	8,000,000.00
Trade accounts payable				
Numthai Steel Co., Ltd.	479,893.29	-	479,893.29	-
Metal Inter Co.,Ltd.	-	3,176,779.07	-	3,176,779.07
Mahachai Steel Center Co., Ltd.	-	2,875,783.36	-	2,875,783.36
Total	479,893.29	6,052,562.43	479,893.29	6,052,562.43
Accrued expenses				
Thainguan Logistic Co., Ltd.	-	-	490,404.32	424,867.41
Advances received for goods				
Kim Heng Loha Co., Ltd.	13,369.65	-	13,369.65	-
Other accounts payable				
T.Y.K. Industry Co., Ltd.	-	-	1,023,083.72	-
Kim Yuan Enterprise Co.,Ltd.	-	239.68	-	239.68
Bearings Corporation Co.,Ltd.	17,697.80	21,524.59	17,697.80	21,524.59
Total	17,697.80	21,764.27	1,040,781.52	21,764.27

The movement of short-term loans to related companies in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 as follow ;

	Baht			
	Balance as at January 1, 2010	Movement		Balance as at December 31, 2010
		Addition	Deduction	
Short-term loans to				
Thainguan Logistic Co., Ltd.	8,000,000.00	-	(3,000,000.00)	5,000,000.00
T.Y.K. Industry Co., Ltd.	-	132,000,000.00	-	132,000,000.00
Total	8,000,000.00	132,000,000.00	(3,000,000.00)	137,000,000.00

20.3 Revenues and expenses transactions between the Company and related companies

Revenues and expenses transactions with related companies for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 are as follows ;

	Baht			
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Sales				
Thainguan Logistic Co., Ltd.	-	-	118,908.25	-
T.Y.K. Industry Co., Ltd.	-	-	2,081,770.70	-
Thainguan Ethanol PCL.	10,483,387.63	3,808,238.41	10,483,387.63	3,808,238.41
Taiping Ethanol Co.,Ltd.	3,278,493.29	3,154,076.70	3,278,493.29	3,154,076.70
Kim Yuan Enterprise Co., Ltd.	56,059.80	-	56,059.80	-
Kim Heng Loha Co., Ltd.	264,971,029.17	275,075,794.57	264,971,029.17	275,075,794.57
Kim Chua Steel Co., Ltd.	143,550.90	-	143,550.90	-
Kim Chai Steel Co., Ltd.	2,572,414.88	2,621,857.33	2,572,414.88	2,621,857.33
Kim Hong Metal Co., Ltd.	99,590,654.12	-	99,590,654.12	-
V. P. Steel & Wire Mesh Co., Ltd.	337,485,808.35	8,807,951.26	337,485,808.35	8,807,951.26
Numthai Steel Co., Ltd.	7,772,684.00	7,542,514.10	7,575,102.80	7,542,514.10
Total	726,354,082.14	301,010,432.37	728,357,179.89	301,010,432.37
Revenue from transportation				
Taiping Ethanol Co.,Ltd.	85,500.00	16,500.00	-	16,500.00
Kim Yuan Enterprise Co., Ltd.	-	70,700.00	-	70,700.00
Total	85,500.00	87,200.00	-	87,200.00
Interest income				
Thainguan Logistic Co., Ltd.	-	-	276,657.55	60,000.00
T.Y.K. Industry Co., Ltd.	-	-	3,103,384.92	-
Total	-	-	3,380,042.47	60,000.00
Purchase of goods and supplies				
T.Y.K. Industry Co., Ltd.	-	-	3,868,588.10	-
Kim Yuan Enterprise Co., Ltd.	39,579.93	50,420.58	39,579.93	50,420.58
Bearings Corporation Co., Ltd.	79,884.60	66,595.80	79,884.60	66,595.80
Kim Chua Steel Co., Ltd.	626,153.27	-	626,153.27	-
Kim Seng Steel Co., Ltd.	2,257,740.00	18,540,587.50	2,257,740.00	18,540,587.50
V. P. Steel & Wire Mesh Co., Ltd.	862,196.27	545,156.86	862,196.27	545,156.86
Numthai Steel Co., Ltd.	7,244,998.50	16,552,073.70	7,244,998.50	16,552,073.70
Metal Inter Co., Ltd.	28,916,468.00	12,773,821.52	28,916,468.00	12,773,821.52
Mahachai Steel Center Co., Ltd.	23,743,600.40	242,716,374.40	23,743,600.40	242,716,374.40
Mahachai Steel Inter Co., Ltd.	4,276,772.83	1,314,999.09	4,276,772.83	1,314,999.09
Total	68,047,393.80	292,560,029.45	71,915,981.90	292,560,029.45
Transportation expense				
Thainguan Logistic Co., Ltd.	-	-	22,855,845.41	10,774,689.13

21. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

As at December 31, 2010, the Group are not engaged in the trading of any derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

A) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk, or funding risk, is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value.

B) Foreign Currency Risk

As part of the international trading, the Group have significant exposures to market risks from changes in foreign exchange rates. However, as at the balance sheet date, the Company did not adopt any derivative strategies to manage such exposures.

C) Interest Rate Risk

The Group was exposed to interest risks because it held deposits to and loans from financial institutions. However, The Group believed that the future fluctuation on market interest rate would not provided significant effect to their operation and cash flow, therefore, no financial derivative was adopted to manage such risks.

D) Credit Risk

The Group is exposed to credit risks mainly relating to their trade accounts receivable. However, the management has policies to provide adequate allowances for any possible losses that might be incurred in connection with their receivables.

E) Fair Value

The financial assets and liabilities include cash and cash equivalents, trade accounts receivable, bank overdrafts and short-term loans from financial institutions trade accounts payable and accrued expenses. Their carried values approximate to their fair values

22. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at December 31, 2010, the Company has capital commitments and contingent liabilities as follows ;

A) Commitments

- The Company has commitments for Letters of credit of approximately USD 13.35 million equivalent to about Baht 404.46 million.
- The Subsidiary has commitment for the security guard agreement amounting of Baht 0.18 million.

B) Contingent liabilities

The Company has letters of guarantee issued by bank for the payment of electricity and utility fee amounting of Baht 0.46 million.

23. APPROVAL OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the authorized director on February 24, 2011.

Information of Directors and Managements

	Name	Age (Year)	Education	Total of Voting right experience (%)	Relationship with other management	Experience	
						Time	Position
1	Ms.Ratana Jirapongtrakul Chairman of Director/ Chairman of the Executive Board	61	- Primary School - Director Accreditation Program (DAP) 54	30.00	A Mother of Mr.Boonchai	1991 - Present 2002 – Present 2002 - Present 2006 - Present	- Chairman of Director/ Chairman of the Executive Board Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited - Director Thai Nguan Ethanol Public Company Limited - Director Kim Nguan Enterprise Co.,Ltd - Director Thai Ping Ethanol Co.,Ltd
2	Mr.Panu Jarupilun Director	64	- Bachelor's degree of Mechanical Engineering, Xian Jiaotong University - Bachelor's degree of International Business, Hunan University - Director Accreditation Program (DAP) 54	7.50	A Husband of Ms.Ratana	1991 - Present 2002 - Present 2006 - Present	- Director Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited - Director/ Chairman of the Executive Board Thai Nguan Ethanol Public Company Limited - Director Thai Ping Ethanol Co.Ltd

	Name	Age (Year)	Education	Total of Voting right experience (%)	Relationship with other management	Experience	
						Time	Position
3	Mr.Boonchai Jirapongtrakul Director/ Executive Director/ Managing Director	42	- year 12, Brisbane International College Australia - Director Accreditation Program (DAP) 54 - Director Certification Program (DCP) 79	7.50	Son of Ms.Ratana	1991 - Present 2006 - Present 2006 - Present	- Director/ Executive Director/ Managing Director Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited - Director Thai Nguan Ethanol Public Company Limited - Director Thai Ping Ethanol Co.,Ltd
4	Mr.Booncherd Santudpanich Director	41	- year 12 W.A.I.C Western Australia International Collage - Director Accreditation Program (DAP) 54 - Director Certification Program (DAP) 79	4.25	Brother of Mr.Boonchai	2006 - Present 2002 - Present 2006 - Present	- Director Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited - Director/ Managing Director Thai Nguan Ethanol Public Company Limited - Director Thai Ping Ethanol Co.,Ltd

	Name	Age (Year)	Education	Total of Voting right experience (%)	Relationship with other management	Experience	
						Time	Position
5	Ms.Nathita Jiradejdumrong Director/ Nomination and Remuneration Committee	34	- MBA: Marketing Thunderbird, The American Gradate School of International Management - Director Accreditation Program (DAP) 62	None	Wife of Mr.Boonchai	2007 - Present	- Director/ Nomination and Remuneration Committee Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited
6	Mr.Prachuab Chaiyasan Independent Director/ Chairman of the Audit Committee	67	- B.A (Political Science), Thammasat University - Honorary Doctorate Degree in Political Science - Director Accreditation Program (DAP) 54 - Director Certification Program (DCP) 83	None	-	2006 - Present 2006 - Present 2006 - Present 2006 - Present 2001 - 2006	- Independent Director / Chairman of the Audit Committee Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited - Chairman / Director / Chairman of the Audit Committee Thai Nguan Ethanol Public Company Limited - Director Thai Ping Ethanol Co.,Ltd - President of the University Council, Ramkhamhaeng University - Thai Trade Representative and Chairman of Joint Committee Thai-Laos on Business and Investment Promotion in Laos PDR

	Name	Age (Year)	Education	Total of Voting right experience (%)	Relationship with other management	Experience	
						Time	Position
7	Mrs.Seenual Tasanapant Independent Director/ Audit Committee/ Nomination and Remuneration Committee	65	- Bachelor Degree of laws, Thammasat University - Bachelor Degree of accountancy, Thammasat University - Director Accreditation Program (DAP) 55 - Director Certification Program (DCP) 79 - Audit Committee Program (ACP) 17	None	-	2006 - Present 2007 - 2009 1998 - 2006	- Independent Director/Audit Committee/ Nomination and Remuneration Committee Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited - Advisor of the Board Committee Mahidol University Saving and credit co-op Ltd. - Manager Mahidol University Saving and credit co-op Ltd.
8	Mr.Teerapong Thanarukvudhikorn Independent Director/ Audit Committee	57	- Bachelor Degree of Business Administrator (Accounting), Rajamangala University of Technology - Director Accreditation Program (DAP) 59	None	-	2010 - Present 2006 - Present 2001 - Present 1994 - Present 1991 - Present	- Independent Director/Audit Committee Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited - Independent Director/Audit Committee Thai Nguan Ethanol Public Company Limited - Executive Director House Holding Group Co.,Ltd - Executive Director Korn Kaen Royal Dragon Co.,Ltd - Executive Director Royal International Business Co.,Ltd

	Name	Age (Year)	Education	Total of Voting right experience (%)	Relationship with other management	Experience	
						Time	Position
9	Mr.Sila Wangphornphra Executive Director/ Production Manager	39 -	Bachelor Degree of Business Administration, Siam University	None	-	1995 - Present	- Executive Director/ Production Manager Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited
10	Mr.Prasertsuk Nudthaisong Executive Director/ Purchasing Manager	39 -	Secondary School	None	-	1996 - Present	- Executive Director/ Purchasing Manager Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited
11	Mr.Pornthep Pripaisalkij Chief Financial Officer	51 -	Master Degree in Administrative, Thammasat University	None	-	2009 – Present	- Chief Financial Officer Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited
12	Mr.Sanguan Chaichusorn Marketing Manager	61 -	Diploma (Account)	None	-	2002 - Present	- Marketing Manager Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited

Details of Directors of the company in Subsidiaries and Associates

Name - Surname		TYM	Subsidiaries		Associates or Related Companies		
			TNL	TYK	TNE	TPE	KNB
1. Ms.Ratana	Jirapongtrakul	1,6	-	-	5	5	5
2. Mr.Panu	Jarupilun	5	-	-	5,6	5	-
3. Mr.Boonchai	Jirapongtrakul	3,5,7	5	5	5	5	-
4. Mr.Booncherd	Santudpanich	5	-	-	3,5	5	-
5. Ms.Nathita	Jiradejdumrong	5	-	-	-	-	-
6. Mr.Prachuab	Chaiyasan	2,5	-	-	1,2	5	-
7. Mrs.Seenual	Tasanapant	4,5	-	-	-	-	-
8. Mr.Teerapong	Thanarukvudhikorn	4,5	-	-	4,5	5	-

Remark :

- Symbol position of Director and Management

  1 = Chairman 2 = Chairman of the Audit Committee 3 = Managing Director 4 = Audit Committee

  5 = Director 6 = Chairman of the Executive Board 7 = Executive Director 8 = Executive

- Symbol of Company and Subsidiaries and Associates

  TYM Thai Yuan Metal Public Company Limited TNL Thai Nguan Logistic Company Limited

  TYK T.Y.K. Industry Company Limited TNE Thai Nguan Ethanol Public Company Limited

  TPE Thai Ping Ethanol Company Limited KNB Kim Nguan Enterprise Company Limited

บริษัท ไทยง้วนเมทัล จำกัด (มหาชน)
THAI YUAN METAL PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED

7/4, 7/6 หมู่ 1 เอกชัย แคราย กระทุ่มแบน สมุทรสาคร 74110

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