

#### "Elevate the Next"

# **S&P Syndicate Public Company Limited** Management Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) 4Q22 & FY22







| Highlight  | 31                  | М                   | Better or           | F                     | Y                     | Better or   |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
|  | 4Q21                | 4Q22                | (Worse)             | FY21                  | FY22                  | (Worse)     |
| Revenue  | 1,417               | 1,579               | 162                 | 4,817                 | 5,712                 | 895         |
| Cost of Sales  | (619)               | (706)               | (87)                | (2,163)               | (2,526)               | (363)       |
| <b>Gross Profit</b><br>Gross Profit Margin (%)             | <b>798</b><br>56.3% | <b>873</b><br>55.3% | 75<br>(1.0%)        | <b>2,654</b><br>55.1% | <b>3,186</b><br>55.8% | 532<br>0.7% |
| Selling Expenses and<br>Administrative expenses            | (643)               | (715)               | (72)                | (2,299)               | (2,659)               | (360)       |
| Net Profit – Owners of the parent<br>Net Profit Margin (%) | <b>122</b><br>8.6%  | <b>133</b><br>8.4%  | 11<br><i>(0.2%)</i> | <b>340</b><br>7.1%    | <b>460</b><br>8.1%    | 120<br>1.0% |
| 3M   |                     |                     |                     | FY                    |                       |             |

- ▶ 4Q22 Net Profit was 133mb, +11mb YoY mainly driven by the top line, less-but-more promotions, and continuous controls over costs and expenses. Sales significantly increased in Dine-in and Delivery channels with continuous growth on Take-Away.
- ♦ 4Q22 %Gross Profit was -1.0% YoY mainly driven by the net impact from raw materials costs increase offset with the lean production and increased productivity at Factories.
- ♦ 4Q22 Revenue was 1,579mb, +162mb or +11% YoY mainly came from strong growth in Domestic Restaurant Business +12%, International Restaurant Business +19% and Retail and Food Service +6%
  - Dine-in Sales +53% YoY mainly came from stores in Shopping Mall and Hypermarket
  - ★ Take-Away Sales +7% YoY mainly came from the resumed traffic in all locations especially from stores in Hypermarket
  - O Delivery Sales +10% YoY from cake & bakery, festive products, food NPDs, snack boxes, and corporate accounts via stronger alliance with key strategic food aggregators.

- ► FY22 Net Profit was 460mb, +120mb YoY mainly came from 1) Sales growth in all channels thru festive products, NPDs, snack boxes, and Corporate sales and Retail & Food Service segment, 2) Turnaround sales from both domestic and international business, 3) Successfully control discount thru "less-but-more" promotion campaigns, 4) alternative sourcing and ingredients, and 5) Keep up the momentum of cost controls and productivity, offset with forex loss impact YoY
- ► FY22 %Gross Profit was +0.7% YoY mainly came from less-but-more promotions and campaign design which caused lower %discount, menu redesign, raw materials stock-up and sourcing, the lean production control.
- FY22 Revenue was 5,712mb, +895mb or +19% YoY due to Dine-in Sales recovery and continuous growth in Delivery Sales for both Domestic and International stores.
  - Dine-in Sales +77% YoY mainly came from the resumed traffic in all locations especially from stores in Shopping Mall and Hypermarket.
  - Take-Away Sales +9% YoY mainly came from the NPDs and festive products sales.
  - Delivery Sales +24% YoY mainly came from cake & bakery, snack boxes, festive products, food NPDs and corporate accounts via stronger alliance with key strategic food aggregators







## 4 2022 Key Achievements

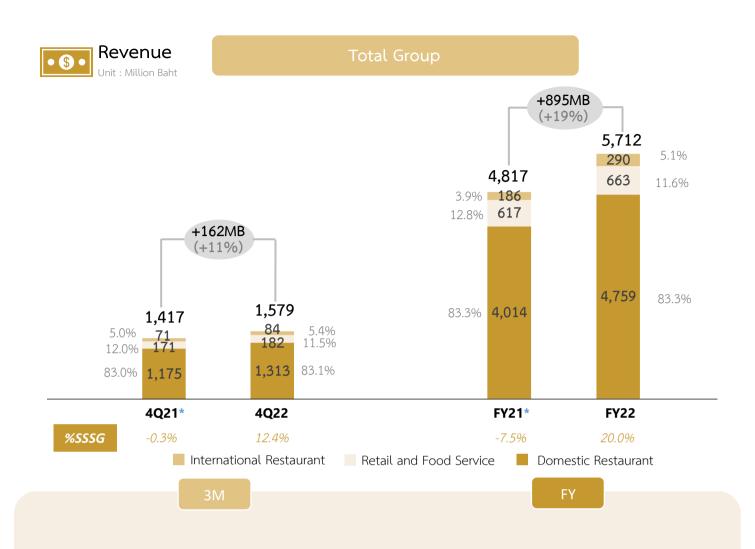


## 💡 Number of Stores

| Brand<br>(As of 31 Dec 2022)        |                 | Total Stores | Thailand |           | International |    |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|----------|-----------|---------------|----|
|                                     |                 |              | Equity   | Franchise | Equity        | VL |
| S.P                                 | S&P Restaurant  | 138          | 132      | 1         | 5             | _  |
| Sp                                  | S&P Bakery Shop | 279          | 277      | 2         | -             | -  |
| Sep                                 | S&P DeITA       | 33           | 33       | _         | -             | _  |
| PATIO<br>BISTRO - BAKERY - COFFEE   | Patio           | 1            | 1        | -         | -             | -  |
| patara                              | Patara          | 8            | 1        | _         | 3             | 4  |
| nais snp<br>Cake<br>Studio          | SNP Cake Studio | 1            | 1        | -         | -             | -  |
|                                     | Maisen          | 11           | 11       | _         | -             | _  |
| LINENOFANA<br>Andrewie Konstruktion | Umenohana       | 2            | 2        | -         | -             | -  |
|                                     | Total           | 473          | 458      | 3         | 8             | 4  |







**4Q22 Revenue was 1,579mb, +162mb or +11% YoY** mainly came from strong growth in Domestic Restaurant Business +12%, International Restaurant Business +19% and Retail and Food Service +6%

- Domestic Stores : +138MB or +12% YoY mainly came from the strong growth in Dine-in and Delivery sales with continuous growth on Take-Away. Key contributors are stores in Shopping Mall and Hypermarket.
- ▶ Retail and Food Service : +11MB or +6% YoY mainly came from Cookies during New year festival.
- ► International Stores : +13MB or +19% YoY came from Cambodia and UK stores.

**FY22 Revenue was 5,712mb, +895mb or +19% YoY** due to Dine-in Sales recovery, Take-away Sales growth and continuous growth in Delivery Sales for both Domestic and International stores

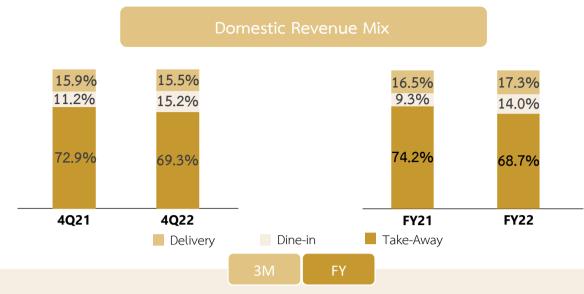
- Domestic Stores : +745MB or +18% YoY mainly came from the strong growth in Dine-in, Take-Away, and Delivery channels. Key contributors are stores in Shopping mall, Hypermarket, Airport, and Hospital.
- Retail and Food Service : +46MB or +8% YoY mainly came from OEM food service for Food Chain accounts. Mooncake and Cookies were the key festive products.
- ▶ International Stores : +104MB or +56% YoY mainly came from stores in Cambodia and UK.

\* Y2021 : Reclassified Store utility expenses from COGS to Selling expenses.

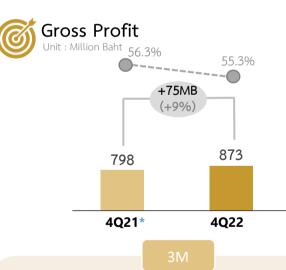




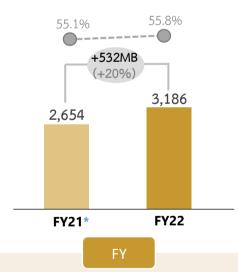




- Dine-in : 3M Revenue +53% YoY and FY Revenue +77% YoY mainly came from stores in Shopping Mall, Hypermarket and Airport due to situation of COVID-19 back to normal. Both 3M and FY Number of bills significantly increased with higher averaged spending per bill.
- Delivery : 3M Revenue +10% YoY and FY Revenue +24% YoY mainly came from snack boxes (+70% vs LY), the festive products, food NPDs and corporate accounts via stronger alliance with key strategic food aggregators with attractive campaign and promotions help to increase delivery sales
- Take-Away: 3M Revenue +7% YoY and FY Revenue +9% YoY mainly came from the resumed traffic in all locations especially from Hypermarket stores. Revenue was mainly driven by the NPDs and festive products.



**4Q22 %Gross Profit was -1.0% YoY** mainly driven by the net impact from raw materials costs increase offset with the lean production and increased productivity at Factories.

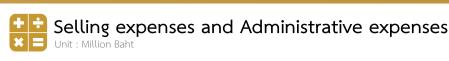


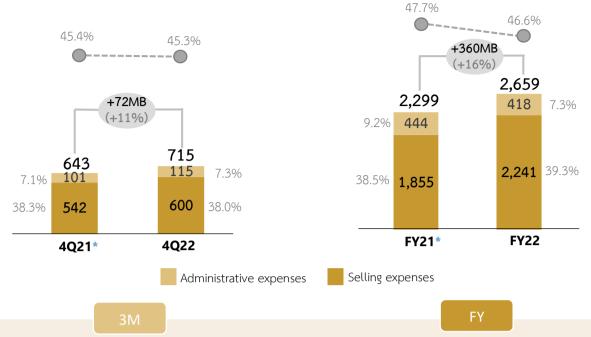
**FY22 %Gross Profit was +0.7% YoY** despite of the increase in raw materials and packaging, mainly driven by 1) segmented less-but-more promotions and campaigns design to better fit consumers and to cause lower %discount, 2) higher %GP from Dine-in increased sales, 3) key ingredients stock-up from last year, 4) alternative sourcing and ingredients, 5) lean production & increased productivity at Factories, 6) menus redesign, and 7) minimum price adjustment for some menus

\* Y2021 : Reclassified Store utility expenses from COGS to Selling expenses.









4Q22 %Total SG&A was 45.3% or 0.1% better than LY

- ♦ 4Q22 %Selling expenses was 38.0% on Net Sales or 0.3% better than LY, mainly due to the top line leverage with the labor productivity and higher efficiency on transportation.
- ♦ 4Q22 Administrative expenses +14MB YoY or 0.2% worse than LY, mainly driven by the incremental accrued bonus in 4Q22. If normalized, the amount was about on par with LY.

FY22 %Total SG&A was 46.6% or 1.1% better than LY despite of the labor costs increase and rental mostly back to the contracts.

FY22 %Selling expenses was 39.3% on Net Sales or 0.8% worse than LY, mainly driven by the labor costs increase, rental expenses mostly back to the contracts, fuel costs increase etc. which were mitigated by the labor productivity and roster planning including upskill & reskill, higher efficiency on transportation and close monitoring on rental expenses.

FY22 Administrative expenses 26MB better than LY was primarily due to the restructuring, office space reduction, matured depreciation, costs cut and controls, offset with the new headcounts.

%Administrative expenses was 1.9% better than LY was mainly due to the overall cost down and top line leverage.

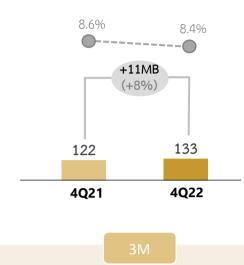
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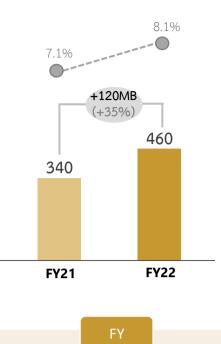






#### Net Profit – Owners of the parent





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#### Assets / Liabilities and Equity

|   | As at D | ec22 | As at Dec21 |      |
|---|---------|------|-------------|------|
| (ey Metrics (MB)                                  | MB      | %    | MB          | %    |
| Cash and cash equivalents                         | 1,082   | 20%  | 980         | 19%  |
| Financial assets at fair value                    | 362     | 7%   | 360         | 7%   |
| Other current assets                              | 607     | 11%  | 558         | 11%  |
| Total Current assets                              | 2,051   | 39%  | 1,898       | 37%  |
| Investment in associate                           | 109     | 2%   | 73          | 1%   |
| Investment in joint ventures                      | 196     | 4%   | 206         | 4%   |
| Property, plant and equipment                     | 1,581   | 30%  | 1,486       | 29%  |
| Right-of-use asset                                | 1,300   | 24%  | 1,306       | 26%  |
| Other non-current assets                          | 88      | 2%   | 97          | 2%   |
| Total non-current assets                          | 3,274   | 61%  | 3,168       | 63%  |
| TOTAL ASSETS                                      | 5,325   | 100% | 5,066       | 100% |
| Short-term borrowings from financial institutions | 2       | 0%   | 8           | 0%   |
| Current portion of long-term borrowings           | 154     | 3%   | 54          | 1%   |
| Current portion of lease liabilities              | 335     | 6%   | 443         | 9%   |
| Trade and other payables                          | 861     | 16%  | 760         | 15%  |
| Other current liabilities                         | 116     | 2%   | 92          | 2%   |
| Total Current Liabilities                         | 1,468   | 28%  | 1,357       | 27%  |
| Long-term borrowings from financial institutions  | 141     | 3%   | 196         | 4%   |
| Non-current provision for employee benefits       | 162     | 3%   | 167         | 3%   |
| Lease liabilities                                 | 736     | 14%  | 653         | 13%  |
| Other non-current liabilities                     | 69      | 1%   | 77          | 2%   |
| Total non-current liabilities                     | 1,108   | 21%  | 1,093       | 22%  |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES                                 | 2,576   | 48%  | 2,450       | 48%  |
| Paid-up Capital                                   | 513     | 10%  | 512         | 10%  |
| Premium on ordinary shares                        | 690     | 13%  | 690         | 14%  |
| Surplus on gain from transfer of business to JV   | 80      | 2%   | 80          | 2%   |
| Legal reserve                                     | 52      | 1%   | 52          | 1%   |
| Unappropriated                                    | 1,370   | 26%  | 1,258       | 25%  |
| Other components of shareholders' equity          | -1      | 0%   | -14         | 0%   |
| Non-controlling interests                         | 45      | 1%   | 38          | 1%   |
| TOTAL EQUITY                                      | 2,749   | 52%  | 2,616       | 52%  |
| FOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY                        | 5,325   | 100% | 5,066       | 100% |
| Authorised share capital                          | 515     |      | 515         |      |
| Par Value (Baht/Sh.)                              | 1.00    |      | 1.00        |      |
| No. of share (millions)                           | 515     |      | 515         |      |

**Cash & Cash equivalent** of 1,082 mb, +102mb vs. Dec21, In total net increased +102mb was primarily attributable to net cash of operating activities, netted off cash outflow from investing and dividend payment.

**Property, plant and equipment :** increased +95mb due to investment in stores expansion and renovation for opportunity growth

**Right-of-use asset and lease liabilities :** decreased due to the depreciation on right-of-use assets and maturity of lease liabilities

**Long-term borrowing :** In total increased of 46 mb mainly from net borrowing for stores expansion (DelTa)

**Trade and other Payables:** increased of 101mb mainly from trade payable Raw material, stores expansion and DC management fee

**Employee benefits obligation** : decreased (5)mb due to changes in interest rate of (20)mb, employees retirement (10)mb, and net of provision 2022 accrued 25mb

**Retained earnings +112 mb,** mainly due to net profit for the period 460mb, net with dividend payment 348 mb







For inquiries related to the Investor Relations, please contact us by:

